OLYMPIC LEADER

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MRS. PHELPS

NEW SPRING DRY GOODS and MILLINERY

New line caps.
New line waists,
Silk, Mohaire,
and Lingerie.

Muslins

Nainsook,
Cambric,
Lonsdale,
Fruit of theLoom

Sheeting

Pepperell,
Bleached and
Unbleached,
Wilton 36 in.
Cheese cloth or
Juno bunting,
Glen Art Denim,
Surgeon's
Bandage gauze
Indian Head
Linon
Androscoggin
Pillow Tubing
Amoskeag
Apron Gingham
Percales,
Calicos,
Black Mercerized
Silk for linings

Heatherbloom

Nothing but the Best

—CAN BE FOUND—

AT OUR STORE

The Best in Quality, Price & Service

Just now, when our Spring Goods are fresh and novel, is a good time for you to put us to the test, to make us prove that assertion.

Come and See

You will find much that will interest you, much that you need, and

All Bargains — Money's Worth
Come Early in Order to Secure
The Best of the Best

Look over our Stock very carefully—you will find it full of attractive designs, snappy, stylish and economical purchases of materials and patterns.

THE NEW IDEA 10c PATTERNS

Another Example of the Best.

Cotton Batts 10c to 17c and large size for comforts.
Sitka Ivory Rings.

The Latest Arrivals of Spring Goods

Galatea Cloth, all colors.
Elite Voile
Barnaby Zephyrs
GINGHAMS
Toile Du Nord—Red Seal Zephyr in plain, checked, plaids, in all the colors and novelties.
Cotton Covert Cloth
Carlisle Corded Madras

China Silk Zephyr
Dotted Swiss
Summer Silk for Suits
Shanghai Silk
Suesine Silk, in Alice & Navy Blue in all the shades
Fine Lisle Batiste, colors & shades
Dundee Fine Zephyr, latest novelty
Nice Line of Challie

Full line of Fancy Hose
Up-to-date Girdle for the New Waist

New line of Long Silk Gloves
Ladies' Corset Waits, F. P. Style

DRY GOODS CO.

SCENIC

SUMMER HOMES

ON

LAKE CRESCENT

I have on sale TWO ADDITIONS on the shore of LAKE CRESCENT

The most picturesque SPOT on the LAKE

Size of Lots 100 X 275 Feet and
Size of some lots are 100 X 600 Feet

PRICES: **$50** to **$250**

1-3 Cash, balance in 6 to 12 months at 7°|o interest. Prices will Treble within the year.

LEWIS LEVY

REAL ESTATE BROKER

Cor. Front & Laurel Sts.,
Reference Bank of Clallam County, Port Angeles. Port Angeles, Wn.

WILL DRILL FOR OIL AT LA PUSH

DERRICK TIMBERS ARE ORDERED

Expected that Work Will Be Under Way in March by the Union Oil Company of California.

The Union Oil Company has ordered timbers cut for the construction of a big derrick at La Push, the timbers to be gotten out this month in order that drilling operations may be commenced as early in March as possible.

County Commissioner Erickson, here this week, says there seems to be no doubt that the Union Oil Co., of California, has acquired the 300 acres of unsurveyed lands recently located as oil lands in Western Clallam county; checks presented by their employees for payment having been made out at the headquarters of that company in Calingo, Calif.

The oil lands at La Push, while as promising as any so far found, constitute but a small portion of the total area which will doubtless be under development before the close of the year. Near Forks the Standard Oil Co. has leased, on from one to five year contracts, over one thousand acres of land; at the mouth of the Hoh, where flowing oil was first discovered on a promontory two miles north of the river, it is said the Standard Co. has also acquired rights. It was at this latter place that wells were found from which the crude oil could be dipped up in buckets.

COVINGTON GETS ELWHA CONTRACT

Board Orders All Property Assessed at Sixty Per Cent of its Value. Ray L. Haynes Re-appointed.

The Board of Commissioners, in session Monday and Tuesday of this week, appointed Ray L. Haynes as superintendent of the Westphal Co. Home for a term of two years, beginning April 1, 1908.

The Board notified the county assessor to instruct his deputies to assess all real and personal property at sixty per cent of its true value.

Harry Covington was awarded the contract for construction of the south half mile of Road No. 59, the Elwha river road to the lakes, at $1850. David Govan bid $2475, and Wm. Fowler, $2423.60.

Petition of Frank Anderson et als. for a road running from the northwest corner of lot 6, Sec. 14-30-9, to Port Crescent road was granted.

Auditor instructed to advertise for bids for construction of that part of Road No. 66 running north from sections 11 and 12, twp. 30, to the Lower Elwha road; also for the construction of the Beaver Prairie Cutoff, 5456 feet in length, on the Clallam-Forks road.

ACCIDENT AT POWER HOUSE

An accident happened at the electric power house Sunday morning which proved nearly fatal to one of the city's familiar characters, Fred Moyer. Fred wandered into the power house early in the evening or night before, apparently more or less under the influence of liquor, and lay down upon the cot in the engine room. The engineer was busy with his duties, paying but little attention to the intruder, noticing, however, that when he awoke he arose from the bed as one in paroxysm, starting to walk and throwing his arms up over his head. The engineer was on the opposide side of the room and before he could reach Mr. Moyer to give assistance he had fallen into the fly wheel and partially dragged into pit before help reached him. When taken out he was insensible, considerably bruised, and side of his face badly lacerated.

Boy wanted to take care of horse; inquire at this office.

DON'T PUT OFF

until tomorrow what you can do today. If you are suffering from a torpid liver, or constipation, don't wait until tomorrow to get help.

Buy a bottle of Herbine and get that liver working right. Promptness about health saves many sick spells. Mrs. Ida Gresham, Point, Tex., writes: "I used Herbine in my family for six years, and find it does all it claims to do."

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

BENDING EVERY EFFORT ON THE MAIN LINE

Milwaukee's Numerous Side Projects, Including Olympic Branch, Awaiting Completion of Coast Extension.

Within the next sixty days the efforts of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will be centered on the construction work in Washington and Idaho, says the Seattle P.-I. The early completion of the Pacific coast extension westward to Butte will give the management opportunity to make increased effort to finish the Western half. While there has been no slackening of work in Washington and Idaho, the road building has been more active east of the Rocky mountains.

There are numerous projects which the Milwaukee will take up later on. Branches will be built, coal mines developed and rivers harnessed to furnish electric power. While none of these enterprises has been abandoned, effort has been centered on completing the main line of the road, when the side issues will be taken up.

The Milwaukee has important water rights on the St Joe river, which when utilized will furnish electric power for operating trains through the Bitter Root and the Snoqualmie Pass tunnels. It is also part of the future plans to generate sufficient power to operate trains between the two mountain ranges.

"We are bending every effort toward finishing the main line," said President Earling yesterday. "There are numerous matters that are not pressing which will be taken up in due time. We have abandoned none of our plans, but attention must be given to actual road building first. Without the railroad the other things will be of no use.

JAP COLONIES TO BE FOUND ALL ALONG SOUND

Reported to be Mapping Country Adjacent to Forts. Agitation May Lead to Increase in Garrisons.

The Townsend Leader cites a number of facts this week in support of its contention that the proposed Japanese farm at Port Crescent is primarily intended as one post of a system of stations for the mapping of the country by a force of spies from the Mikado's army. And it must be admitted that there is some show of reason in the idea, for, while the lands at Port Crescent were selected after an examination of the soil and the records of the weather bureau at that point, the fact remains that the enterprise is not, so far as is known, being fathered by any of the Japanese firms on the sound. The Leader looks upon the apparent effort to mobolize the Japs in certain positions as a serious menace to this government.

Joseph Slade of Junction City, on Discovery Bay, writes to the Leader of a Japanese outfit quarted in a shack at that place, the members of which are doing nothing else than making sketches of roads and houses. The leader is an intelligent Jap of about 25 years, most pleasant in his talk, abundantly supplied with money, purchasing only the best produce without question as to price. He refuses to talk on the possibility of war, but is industrious in his map-making.

It is said that at Mats Mats bay, only ten miles from Fort Flagler, a colony of Japanese are "working" a leased farm, there being more than 160 so employed, or one to every acre. All of them are reported to be provided with fire arms. The Leader says that, omitting the engineer batallion at Flagler, the men of which are not supposed to serve on the firing line, there are more Japs within ten miles, engaged in farming with rifle trimmings, than Uncle Sam boasts men at Flagler.

The Hadlock mills have been closed for two months and Irondale has been operated but intermittently for a much longer period. Ordinarily such a condition of business would see a general exodus, but instead of this the Japanese contingent is continually increasing, numbering about 100. Not one of these men is employed, yet they are apparently well supplied with money. If the smelter at Irondale were running, employing only Japs, not near all of them could be employed. The colony is constantly receiving additions from upsound. Hadlock is less than five miles from Fort Flagler.

For your plows and harrows see H. Gutenberg & Co.

ANGELES SCHOOL NOTES

Interesting Items on School Work Edited by the Senior Class.

The Boys' Athletic Ass'n held a meeting Tuesday, Feb. 4, and elected the following officers for the second semester:

Vice President, Robert Polhamus.
Secretary, Leland Beam.
Members of Committee, Fred Farmer and Lloyd Hayes.

In accordance with the constitution of the association, the Superintendent and the Principal of the High-school are, respectively, ex-officio President and Treasurer.

Miss Eunice Stakemiller, who has been taking the preparatory course at the Normal, for the past year, has returned to our High-school to cast her lot with the rest of the demure, but enterprising maidens composing the Senior class. There will now be eight bright and talented girls to take part in the commencement exercises at the end of the year.

The following is an extract from the Superintendent's report for the month ending Jan. 17, 1908:

Total enrollment,	504
Average daily attendance,	425
No. enrolled last day of month,	444
Percentage of attendance,	95½
Average number belonging,	440
No. of visits by parents & friends,	136
No. of rhetorical programs ren'd,	13

The following are the names and grades of those making the highest averages in the High-school for the first semester of the school-year 1907-8. The standing in the grades will be published next week.

SENIORS.

German, Leah Myers, Robert Polhamus, 83.
English, Ruth Fulmer, Lorena Ester, Lucy Bonker, 97.
Physics, Ruth Fulmer, Lucy Bonker, 94.
Modern History, Rose McMullen, Ruth Fulmer, 97.

JUNIORS.

German, Ruth Fulmer, 96.
English, Robert Polhamus, 83.
U. S. History, Robert Polhamus, 95.
Algebra, Robert Polhamus, 97.

SOPHOMORES.

Latin, Flora Stakemiller, 94.
English, Flora Stakemiller, 87.
Plane Geometry, Alta McDonald. Daphne McLaughlin, 92.
Botany, Olive Lanfield, 96.

FRESHMEN.

Latin, Alice Coleman, Leola Foster, 95.
English, Leola Foster, 89.
Algebra, Alice Coleman, 97.
Ancient History, Alice Coleman, 97.

A patriotic entertainment will be given by the grades and the High-school at the opera house Feb. 28. The proceeds will be used for the school library.

The annual election of officers of the Philomathean Society was held Friday afternoon, Jan. 31. The folfowing officers were elected:

President, Ruth Fulmer; 1st Vice-Prest., Will Barnett; 2nd Vice-Prest., Jennie McLeod; 3rd Vice-Prest, Herman Swanson; Secretary, Grace McKechnie; Treasurer, Robert Polhamus; Critic, Lucy Bonker; Assistant Critic, Ira Ulkery; Librarian, Lorena Fulmer; Asst. Librarian, Beems Thorpe; Cataloguer, Tirzah McKechnie; Asst. Cataloguer, Fred. Farmer; Chorister, Miss Ball; Censor, Helen Vaupell; Organist, Laura Polhamus; Ushers, Robert Gould and Walter Tuttle.

FROM ROYAL GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR

ROYAL Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MOTOR LIFEBOAT ENROUTE

The motor life-boat ordered by the United States government for use at Waddah island to duplicate a boat placed by the Canadian government recently at Bamfield creek is expected in Seattle within a month.

The Canadian and American governments each awarded a contract for the same type of boat to a New Jersey firm. The Canadian boat was recently delivered and is now in commission at at the Bamfield lifesaving station. The American boat, like her Canadian sister, is a patent, self-righting vessel, thirty-six feet in length, eight feet beam, and built almost entirely of mahogany. It will be driven by a line motor, and is built for a speed of nine and three-quarters miles an hour. It will be launched from Seattle and, after a crew is recruited, will proceed under its own power to Waddah island.

DAVID H. CRABLE

David H. Crable died at his home in this city Monday, Feb. 3, 1908, aged 57 years, 2 months and 17 dys.

David H. Crable was born in Newcastle, Pa., Nov. 20, 1850; was married in his native town in 1893 to Mary M. Gould, who survives him. Two children were born to this union, Mrs. C. H. Ramsey of Vancouver, Wash., who was with her father at the time of his death, and Mrs. H. B. Parry, Los Angeles, Cal., unable to be present on account of illness of her daughter Hazel who made her home here with her grandparents until quite recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Crable came to Angeles in 1891, where they have since made their home.

Deceased was a member of Lincoln Heights M. E. Church and a man esteemed by his neighbors and acquaintances.

LUM SUE MARRIED

Word reaches Angeles that Lum Sue, the Dry Creek truck farmer, has taken unto himself a life partner in the person of a slant eyed daughter of the Flowery Kingdom. The ceremoney was performed at Oakland, Cal., Feb. 4, 1908, at 5 p. m., and the happy pair may be expected here at any time.

A Stitch in Time

will save nine. So will a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup always kept on hand save many a spell of sickness. A sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Whooping Cough. Mrs. S——, Hot Springs, Ark., writes: "I keep a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup in my medicine chest, and thank my forethought many times. It has prevented many severe spells of sickness."

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

New Spring Goods

AT THE RELIABLE STORE

Children like our Clothing. Parents like our price. We like their trade. Everybody satisfied.

IN OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT

Everything must be a little better or a little less costly here than elsewhere, or money back.

S. J. Lutz & Co.

The Place where you get a Square Deal.

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

The treasury department Monday purchased 100,000 ounces of silver for delivery at New Orleans, at 55.780 cents per fine ounce.

Wheat clearings from the Pacific coast for the week ending February 1 amounted to 1,172,542 bushels of wheat and 85,443 barrels of flour.

Vice-President Gallivon, of the International Union of Boilermakers, has announced that the strike of boilermakers against the several railroads in Minnesota has been declared off.

The Ohio Republican state central committee has voted to recognize the so-called Baker committee, which is friendly to Secretary Taft, as controlling party affairs in Cuyahoga county.

Commander Peary paid his respects to President Roosevelt Monday. "I shall start for the North on another exploration trip the first of next July," said Commander Peary as he left the White House.

President Roosevelt has sent to the house of representatives the report of the special commission of investigation into the Goldfield labor troubles, in reply to a recent resolution requiring him to do so.

The house with only one vote in opposition passed the Sulloway bill granting a flat pension of $12 monthly to all widows of honorably discharged soldiers. Its author said it involved an additional expenditure of $12,741,000.

Senator Gallinger has favorably reported from the committee on commerce a bill increasing the mail subsidies on steamship lines between the United States and ports in South America, the Philippines and Australasia.

There will be no reduction in steel prices.

General Miguel R. Davis has been elected president of Honduras.

Owing to the hard times thousands of men are enlisting in the United States army.

The Interstate Telephone Company of Lewiston, Idaho, will spend $50,000 installing an up-to-date system.

A giant pine trees, seven and one-half feet in diameter and 160 feet in length, has been felled at Gifford, Idaho.

Dr. Leander Jameson, premier and secretary for native affairs of Cape Colony, has resigned, owing to his defeat in the parliamentary elections.

Miners at the Coal Creek mine, owned by the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company, went on strike Saturday. Other mines of the company may be closed.

Governor Hoggatt of Alaska and others plan to introduce a bill into congress declaring for a strict saloon license of $1,000 for each city in the territory.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul has made a division point in Idaho, twenty-three miles from Wallace and one mile from Pinchot, a new postofifce station.

In Washington, D. C., Friday night thirty members of congress from the western states were guests of the A.-Y.-P. exposition management and all pledged their support to the exposition.

Mrs. Josef Hoffman, wife of the celebrated pianist, who lost her opera bag, containing $3,000 in money and jewels, while attending a recital at San Francisco, Thursday night, has recovered the treasure, the bag being found in a hall.

The urgent deficiency appropriation bill has passed the house. The total amount carried by it is $23,664,450, or $410,000 less than was reported by the committee. The largest single reduction was that of $300,000 in the clothing fund of the army.

The senate has passed the bill introduced by Senator Samuel H. Piles for the construction of a revenue cutter for the Pacific coast to cost $250,000.

Plate mills Nos. 1 and 2 of the Illinois Steel Company resumed work Monday and furnish employment for 1,500 men. The mills were closed two weeks ago for repairs.

NEW CABINET TO ADOPT POLICY OF INDULGENCE

Paris, Feb. 4.—A special dispatch to the Matin from Lisbon, dated February 3, 11:40 p. m., says: The town is very quiet. The new cabinet will repeal all the repressive measures of Franco and act with great indulgence toward the people. The republican party had no connection with the assassination.

Title Forgeries Revealed.

St. ePtersburg, Feb. 3.—A revision of the College of Heraldry of Georgia, Trans-Caucasia, has resulted in the uncovering of monster forgeries of princely titles. Among 2,000 registered hereditary coats of arms, 600 have been found to be bogus.

Washington News

Bellingham's new Carnegie library has been opened to the public.

Seattle will have seventy-three days' racing this coming season. The meeting will open Saturday, June 20, and close Saturday, September 12.

Colonel B. F. Shaw, commander of the Washington volunteers during the Indian wars of 1855-56, pioneer of Washington territory, died suddenly at his home in Portland Monday.

That a new depot will be erected by the O. R. & N. at Winona, Whitman county, as soon as the weather will permit, is information conveyed to the state railroad commission in a letter received from a representative of the road.

Eugene Ricksecker, assistant engineer who has charge of the preliminary survey work on the Columbia river, has written a letter to Dr. Balkey, secretary of the Kettle Falls Commercial Club, in which he says the river presents fewer difficulties than he thought. He further says that the cost of clearing the river will be a small amount compared with what he believed would be necessary.

North Yakima Masons plan to build a $125,000 temple.

Last year was the heaviest in steel, according to reports just made.

Citizens of Barstow, Kitsap county, want the name changed to Suquamish.

The war department is endeavoring to secure an extra appropriation in order to give higher pay to soldier mechanics in Alaska.

Daniel Burton, aged 72, has married the sweetheart of his boyhood days, Mrs. Phylomelia Duffy, aged 71. The wedding took place at Anacortes.

There is from fifteen to eighteen inches of snow in the Coeur d'Alenes, Idaho, and roads to the various mines have been blocked.

During the past month more than 2,000,000 bushels of wheat were shipper from Tacoma. This is a January record-breaker.

Pierce county is to have the second largest power plant in the United States, according to plans announced by officials of the Stone & Webster interests. It will be located on White river.

As one step in a project of impounding the waters of an arm of Moses lake and irrigating 75,000 acres of land in Eastern Washington, Frank D. Wilson & Co., of Tacoma, have applied to the state land commissioner for permission to overflow part of a school section bordering on the lake.

Home Rule Again Sought.

London, Feb. 3.—Home rule for Ireland will again make its appearance on Tuesday, when John Redmond, the Irish leader in the house of commons, will move a home rule resolution. It was under Redmond's leadership that Ireland rejected the government's home rule scheme presented last year, on the ground that it was a mere subterfuge. Redmond is for out and out home rule, with an Irish parliament.

Prohibition Section Rejected.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 3.—A proposal for state-wide liquor prohibition has been rejected in the constitutional convention by a vote of 55 to 39.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT.

Purchasing Prices.

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seattle, and are subject to change without notice:

Grain—Oats, Puget Sound, $23@26.50 per ton; barley, $27 per ton; wheat, chicken feed, $28@29 per ton; Eastern Washington oats, $25@27.50 per ton; corn, $28@29 per ton.

Hay—Eastern Washington timothy, $20 per ton; Puget sound hay, $16@17 per ton; wheat hay, $15 per ton; alalfa, $10@14.

Eggs—Select ranch, 25@26c per doz.

Poultry—Live hens, 12@12½c per b; small spring chickens, 14c per lb; urkeys, 18@21c per lb.

Wool—Eastern Washington wool, clean, 14@16c per lb; do dirty, 12@14c per lb; Puget Sound wool, clean, 18@20c per lb; do timber stained, 16@17c per lb; sheep pelts, full wool, $1.40@1.60 each; medium wool, 70@90c each; shearlings, 15@30c each.

Live Stock—Sheep—Wethers, 5@5½c per lb; ewes, 4½c per lb; lambs, 6@6 1-2c per lb. Hogs—6 1-2c per lb. Cattle—Steers, 4@5c per lb; cows, 2½@3½c per lb; calves, 4½c per lb.

Tacoma Quotations.

Wheat—Club, 81c; bluestem, 83c; red, 79c.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 20@22c; spring chickens, dressed, 16c; hens, dressed, 16c; ducks, dressed, 18c; geese, dressed, 18c. Live turkeys, 16@18c; hens, 13c; springs, 12c; ducks, old, 12c; young, 12c; geese, 11@12c; squabs, live, $2.50@3 dozen; dressed, $3.50 dozen.

Butter—Washington, 36@38c; Oregon, 36c; Eastern, 28@33c.

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 25@26c.

Oats—$31@32; rolled oats, $32@33.

Hay, Aalfalfa, etc.—Wheat hay, $18@19; timothy, $24@25; mixed, $22@3; wild, $15@20; clover, $18@19; timothy and clover, $22@23; alfalfa, $14@15; straw, $12@13.

Feed—Corn, $33; wheat, $32@33; barley, whole grain, $27@28; rolled, $31@32; shorts, $26@27; bran, $24.50@25.50; middlings, $30@31; oil meal, $44@45.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT SENDS SPECIAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt Friday transmitted to congress one of the most remarkable documents ever given out by a chief executive of this republic. It is a special message dealing ostensibly with the employer's liability act, interstate commerce laws, the abuse of the injunction, the regulation of trusts and railroad corporations. In reality it is a defense of the administration's course, a denial of responsibility for the recent banking troubles, a demand for aid in the president's fight against the trusts and a savage attack upon as well as a complete defiance of John D. Rockefeller and the whole Standard Oil system.

The president's attitude is made plain in the following excerpts from his message:

"The methods by which the Standard Oil people and those engaged in the other combinations of which I have spoken above have achieved great fortunes can only be justified by the advocacy of a system of morality which would also justify every form of criminality on the part of a labor union, and every form of violence, corruption and fraud, from murder to bribery and ballot box stuffing in politics. * *

"I do not believe that the actions of this administration have brought on business distress. So far as this is due to local and not world-wide causes, and to the actions of any particular individuals, it is due to the speculative folly and flagrant dishonesty of a few men of great wealth, who seek to shield themselves from the effects of their own wrong-doing by ascribing its results to the actions of those who have sought to put a stop to the wrong-doing. But if it were true that to cut out rottenness from the body politic meant a momentary lull to an unhealthy seeming prosperity, I could not for one moment hesitate to put the knife to corruption. On behalf of all our people, on behalf no less of the honest man of means than the honest man who earns each day's livelihood by that day's sweat of his brow, it is necessary to insist upon honesty in business and politics alike, in all walks of life, in big things and little things, upon just and fair dealing as between man and man.

* * *

"It is all wrong to use the injunction to prevent the entirely proper and legitimate action of labor organizations in their struggle for industrial betterment, or under the guise of protecting property rights unwarrantably to invade the fundamental rights of the individual.

* * *

"The interstate commerce commission should be provided with the means to make a physical valuation of any road as to which it deems the valuation necessary. In some form the federal government should exercise supervision over the financial operations of our interstate railroads. In no other way can justice be done between the private owners of those properties and the public which pay their charges.

* * *

"I think that the federal government must also assume a certain measure of control over the physical operation of railroads in the handling of interstate traffic. The commission now has authority to establish through routes and joint rates. In order to make this provision effective and in order to promote in times of necessity the proper movement of traffic, I think it must also have authority to determine the conditions upon which cars shall be interchanged between different interstate railways. It is also probable that the commission should have authority in particular instances to determine the schedule upon which perishable commodities shall be moved.

* * *

"I do not know whether it is possible, but if possible, it is certainly desirable that in connection with measures to restrain stock watering and overcapitalization there should be measures taken to prevent at least the grosser forms of gambling in securities and commodities, such as making large sales of what men do not possess and cornering the market.

* * *

"The time has come for the strict supervision of these great corporations and the limitation of their stock and bond issues under some proper official will make for conservatism and strengthen the companies doing a legitimate business, and eliminate, let us hope, those which are merely speculative in character and organized simply to catch the unsuspecting or credulous investor.

* * *

"For the last year the attack has been made with most bitterness upon the actual administration of the law, especially through the department of justice, but also through the interstate commerce commission and the bureau of corporations. The extraordinary violence of these assaults upon our policy contained in these speeches, editorials, articles, advertisements and pamphlets, and the enormous sums of money spent in these various ways, gives a fairly accurate measure of the anger and terror which our public actions have caused the corrupt men of vast wealth to feel in the very marrow of their being.

"One of the favorite methods is to attack the administration for not procuring the imprisonment instead of the fine of offenders under these anti-trust laws. The man making this assault is usually either a prominent lawyer or an editor who takes his policy from the financiers and his arguments from their attorneys. If the former, he has advised many wealthy malefactors and he knows well that, thanks to the advice of the lawyers like himself, a certain kind of corporations have turned the law into an admirable instrument to render it impossible to get at the head of the corporation, the man who is really most guilty.

* * *

"When we are able to put the real wrong-doer in prison, this is what we strive to do; this is what we have actually done with some very wealthy criminals, who, moreover, represented that most baneful of all alliances, the corruption of organized politics and the corruption of high finance. This is what we have done in the Gaynor and Greene case, in the case of the misapplication of funds in connection with certain great banks in Chicago, in the land fraud cases, where, as in other cases likewise, neither the highest political position nor the possession of great wealth has availed to save the offenders from prison. The federal government does scourge sin; it does so beyond the sinner's fear; for it has put behind the bars with impartial severity the powerful financier, the powerful politician, the railroad land thief, the rich contractor—all, no matter how high their station, against whom criminal misdeeds can be proved.

* * *

"All their wealth and power cannot protect them. But it often happens that the effort to imprison a given defendant is certain to be futile, while it is possible to fine him or to fine the corporation of which he is head; so that, in other words, the only way of punishing the wrong is by fining the corporation, unless we are content to proceed personally against the minor agents. The corporation lawyers, to whom I refer, and their employers are the men mainly responsible for this state of things, and their responsibility is shared with all who ingeniously oppose the passing of just and effective laws, or who fail to execute them when they have been put on the statute books. Much is said in those attacks upon the policy of the present administration about the rights of innocent stockholders.

"That stockholder is not innocent who voluntarily purchases stock in a corporation whose methods and management he knows to be corrupt; the stockholders are bound to try to secure honest management, or else they are stopped from complaining about the proceedings the government finds necessary in order to make the corporation obey the law. There has been in the past grave wrongs done innocent stockholders by overcapitalization, stock watering, stock jobbing and stock manipulation."

MAY CUT STEEL RAILS.

Manufacturers Propose to Hold Out Inducements to Railroads to Buy Now.

New York, Feb. 1.—About seventy steel men, representing the United States Steel Corporation, the Republic Steel Company, the Bethlehem Steel Company, the Jones & McLaughlin Steel Company and the Pennsylvania Steel Company, were in conference in this city yesterday.

None of those present would talk, but it was stated unofficially that the subject which kept the steel men in conference so long was a proposal to reduce the price of steel in general and particularly the price of steel rails, because it is feared that, in view of the financial depression, the railroads would not buy rails this year and would postpone their extensions unless the price of steel was placed low enough to make it an object for them to buy now.

UNITED MINE WORKERS ELECT LEWIS PRESIDENT

Indianapolis, Feb. 4.—Thomas L. Lewis, of Bridgeport, Ohio, was declared elected president of the United Mine Workers of America at yesterday's closing session of the annual convention. The report of the tellers showed that 127,025 1-2 votes were cast for president, of which Mr. Lewis received 64,553 1-2 and W. B. Wilson, of Blossburg, Pa., received 62,472. Lewis' majority was 2,081 1-2. Pohn P. White, of Iowa, was elected national vice-president, having no opposition. He received 116,078 votes. For secretary-treasurer W. D. Ryan, of Illinois, received 82,345 1-2 votes and John Fahy received 40,918 1-2.

WANTS A CENTRAL BANK.

Comptroller Ridgeley Addresses the School of Commerce on System.

New York, Feb. 3.—Speaking at the annual banquet of the School of Commerce, William J. Ridgeley, comptroller of the currency, expressed himself as fearful that the political situation is such at present that the prospects of getting legislation to reform the country's banking system are far from bright. "A central bank and a credit currency," he said, "are the things upon which we must rely, and not politics, to prevent panics."

KING CARLOS SLAIN

RULER OF PORTUGAL, TOGETHER WITH CROWN PRINCE, SHOT DOWN.

Second Son Wounded, But Miraculously Escapes Death—Deadly Fusillade Closely Follows Decree Giving Franco Despotic Power.

Lisbon, Feb. 2.—King Carlos of Portugal and the crown prince, Lutz-Philippe, were assassinated yesterday and the city is in a state of uproar. The king's second son, the Infant Manuel, was slightly wounded, but Queen Amelie, who strove to save the crown prince's life by throwing herself upon him, was unhurt.

A band of men waiting at the corner of the Praco de Commercio and the Rua de Arsenal suddenly sprang toward the open carriage in which the royal family was driving to the palace, and, leveling carbines which they had concealed upon them, fired.

The king and crown prince, upon whom the attack was directed, were each shot three times, and they lived only long enough to be carried to the marine arsenal near by, when they expired. Almost at the first shot the king fell back on the cushions, dying, and at the same moment the crown prince was seen to half rise and then sink back on the seat. Queen Amelie jumped up and threw herself toward the crown prince, in an apparent effort to save his life at the cost of her own, but the prince already had received his death wound. The police guard fired upon the assassins and killed two of them.

The royal family was returning from Villa Viclosa, where it had been sojourning, and was on the way from the railroad station to the palace. A strong guard was in attendance because of the recent uprising in the city and the discovery of a plot to assassinate Premier Franco and overthrow the monarchy. But the band of murderers had selected the most advantageous spot for the commission of the crime, for it was concealed from the eyes of the party until the vehicle had come into the Praco de Commercio, a large square.

Before any of the guard were aware of what was happening the assassins leaped to the carriage and instantly a fusillade of shots rang out. In a moment all was terrible confusion, the king and crown prince being shot down without the slightest chance to save themselves. Police guards sprang upon the regicides, the number of whom is somewhat uncertain, and killed two of them and captured one of the others, who committed suicide after being placed in prison. It is charged that one of the murderers is a Spaniard.

The assassination closely followed the giving of almost despotic power to Premier Franco.

Lisbon, Feb. 3.—The boy king, who henceforth will be known as Manuel II., is tonight the ruler of the kingdom of Portugal, and the revolution into which the instigators of the bloody events of Saturday had hoped to plunge the country has not up to the present engulfed the nation. Franco, the dictator and real commander of the country's destinies, whom the moral and physical might of all parties and powerful interests has not succeeded in destroying, remains the triumphant leader, not only unconquered and unaffrighted, but retained in power with the king, determined at all hazards and at all cost to prevent further violence and insurrection and to preserve the monarchy.

Lisbon, Feb. 3.—All Portugal is in mourning for the king and crown prince, who Saturday met death at the hands of a band of assassins. In this city there is to be seen on every hand evidence of sincere sorrow unlike anything ever before manifested in the history of the monarchy. A flood of telegrams from every section of the country express only grief over the tragedy and assurance to the authorities of the support from the people.

The act of the assassins has had a result directly opposite to what they desired. That the monarchy will continue there seems no doubt at this moment. The leaders of all the monarchist parties have reached a complete agreement to this effect. They are bending all their efforts toward the maintenance of order in the country.

Today the Official Gazette announced the accession to the throne of Prince Manuel, who, with the queen mother, had an almost miraculous escape from death in the storm of bullets which poured into the royal carriage Saturday. His wound proved to be of comparatively slight consequence, and today he is well on the road to complete recovery. The young man, in his accession to the throne, will find his great task considerably lightened owing to the fact that he is known to be of a charming, sympathetic nature, which has always been a delight to those about him.

Ice Dealers Go to Jail.

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 5.—Roland Beard, Compton Leman and Joseph Miller, icemen, all members of prominent families, who were found guilty last July of conspiring in restraint of trade, were yesterday sentenced to six months in the county jail and to pay the costs of prosecution. They were taken to jail yesterday. In the numerous trust prosecutions in Ohio this is the first instance where convicted men were ever sent to prison.

WOES OF IRISH LANDLORDS AIRED IN HOUSE OF LORDS

London, Feb. 1.—Heated charges of cowardice in turning a blind eye to the "reign of terrorism" in Ireland in order to keep the Nationalists in good temper and assure a continuance of their support in the commons, were launched against the government in the house of lords yesterday. The Marquis of Londonderry, who was viceroy of Ireland in 1886-89, led in the attack, and so infectious were his sentiments that even Lord Langford, who has been a representative peer of Ireland since 1884, broke his silence of twenty-four years and devoted his maiden speech to a recital of his personal experience with cattle driving outside his own gates.

The Marquis of Londonderry declared that the present condition of Ireland is worse than in the dark days of the early '80s, when murder and outrage were rampant, and he attributed the conditions entirely to the cowardice of the government. The lawbreakers, he asserted, had the audacity to declare that they had at their back members of the government, and it was even reported that the constabulary had been ordered not to come into actual contact with them.

Conditions Deplored.

Lord Beauchamp, in defending the government, deplored the cattle raids, but he declared the country was no more lawless than during certain periods of Premier Balfour's administration, and following Gerald Balfour's precedent when he was chief secretary for Ireland in 1895-1900. The government had no intention of reviving the crimes act, as suggested.

Participating in the debate in the house of commons on the question of the unemployed, John Burns, president of the local government board and labor leader in the house, denounced the unscientific distribution of religious, philanthropic and private charity, which he declared was unusually misapplied and diverted to the wrong persons. He told one of his own experiences recently when, after an official function, he joined 2,000 of the unemployed at the Victoria embankment. "I was in my court dress," he said, "but pulled my hat over my eyes and looked miserable, and I got my bowl of soup and hunch of bread."

Mr. Burns admitted that pauperism in London is on the increase and said that it would continue to grow as long as indiscriminate charity prevailed.

STATE TROOPS TO DRILL.

Military Maneuvers in West Planned on Co-operative Scale.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Inquiry at the war department into the report from Omaha that arrangements are under way for the mobilization of a large part of the army on the Pacific coast about the time Admiral Evans' fleet arrives there, develops the fact that all of the regular troop movements now in contemplation are incident to the dispatch of certain regiments to the Philippines to relieve soldiers who have had their full term of service there and are entitled to discharge.

Assistant Secretary Oliver has been in correspondence with the governors of many states and territories with a view to the co-operation of the militia with the regular army in an active program of joint drills and maneuvers. Several of these governors already are in correspondence with railroad transportation agencies relative to the movement of their militia forces to the sites of the proposed camps. This is the foundation of the assumption that large troop movements toward the Pacific coast are projected.

RESTORE OLD WAGE SCALE.

Legislature's Suggestion for Ending Strike at Goldfield.

Carson, Nev., Feb. 3.—The extra session of the Nevada legislature adjourned sine die Saturday. The following resolution concluded the actual work of the legislature:

"Whereas, The legislature believes the present industrial conditions at Goldfield to be detrimental to the best interests of the state, enforcing idleness on many good citizens, and as it appears that the restoration of the former wage scale at Goldfield could end the present controversy, be it

"Resolved, That we believe that high wages and good conditions secure a high class of skilled labor, which results in a correspondingly low cost of production, thereby increasing the profits to the mine owner; therefore, we suggest and recommend that the former scale of wages be restored to the Goldfield miners and that a copy be forwarded by the secretary of state to the Mine Operators' Association at Goldfield."

Both houses adopted the resolutions without a dissenting vote.

Rushing Construction Work.

Rock Lake, Feb. 1.—Construction work along the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad is being pushed with an army of men and teams. Surveyors are now running a spur to the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company road at St. John, that they may unload 5,000,000 feet of lumber to be used at this point.

Rose Planting Day Named.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 3.—February 22 has been selected in Portland as "Rose Planting Day." Five thousand bushes will be placed in the city's parks by an act of the council, while at least 50,000 more will be put out in the yards and gardens of Portland and vicinity.

FOR FAIR CAMPAIGNS

BRYAN MAKES PLEA BEFORE THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS.

Wants Facts Made Known Before Election, So People Will Have an Opportunity to Judge—When Secrecy Is Resorted To, It Is Evidence There Is Something to Hide.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—"An election is a public affair and participation in politics is a civic duty. All arguments used in elections should be used publicly and all means employed to secure the election of or to defeat a candidate should be means which the one using them would not be ashamed to have the world know."

This epitomizes the views of William J. Bryan on the subject of publicity of campaign contributions as expressed before the house committee on elections of president and vice-president. In addition to the full membership there were present Perry Belmont and Samuel Gompers and other labor leaders.

Mr. Bryan declared that reforms only come when abuses are recognized.

"Not until there is an evil to be remedied," he said, "does one think of a remedy."

The thing to be condemned in American politics, he added, was the use of money to secure control of the government, money being advanced by those antagonistic to the public purse.

Has Something to Hide.

"When a man resorts to secrecy," he said, "it must be because he has something to gain, that he does not want the world to know, or that he distrusts the intelligence or patriotism of the people."

Mr. Bryan insisted that the most important thing to be done was to make the campaign contributions known before the election.

The trouble about the publication of expenditures after elections was that the knowledge came too late to be of any advantage to the people in that campaign.

Mr. Bryan declared that there could be no objection to anyone making a campaign contribution, "if the contribution represents his patriotic interest in a public cause."

He said it was the duty of the people to contribute to the expense of disseminating campaign material by way of education.

It has been charged, he said, that Chairman Cortelyou had received contributions from 6,000 contributors, "as if," he said, "it was a matter to deserve recognition that so many people had contributed."

Bet, But Not Contribute.

Even if this were true, he continued, they were a very slim fraction of the several million voters for President Roosevelt. As for the democratic party, Mr. Bryan said that in 1897 it had more contributions than in any previous campaign. Many men would bet $500 on the result of an election who would not contribute $5 to a campaign fund. Mr. Bryan, however, voiced his opposition to the principle of allowing only a few men to provide campaign funds.

"It follows almost as a matter of necessity," he said, "that these few men will have an influence after the election entirely out of proportion to their numbers or to the influence they ought to have."

Mr. Bryan said he was glad President Roosevelt had taken the matter up. "He has spoken so plainly on the subject of publicity of campaign contributions," said Mr. Bryan, "that I am sure the fact that I am a democrat will not place suspicion upon my argument, for I think I have the same interest in this matter that the president has expressed."

He declared he had a far gerater interest in government and public questions than in personal concern about the success of an individual, "and," he added, "I assume that President Roosevelt and those who, like him, have spoken out in the republican party, have the same broad general interest that have democrats who have spoken out."

THAW HAS BEEN SENT TO MATTEWAN ASYLUM

New York, Feb. 1.—The jury in the Thaw case returned a verdict of "Not guilty by reason of insanity." The jury went out yesterday morning at 11:40 o'clock. Yesterday afternoon a recess was taken at 5:30 o'clock until 8:30, when the twelve men resumed their deliberations. At 11 o'clock the jury was locked up for the night and brought in the above verdict this morning. Thas was today sent to the asylum at Mattewan.

Piles Addresses Senate.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Senator Piles of Washington state yesterday addressed the senate in advocacy of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition. His address was a long, scholarly effort, depicting the development and importance of the Pacific Northwest, Alaska and American Pacific possessions.

Handle 385,000 Bushels of Wheat.

Ritzville, Feb. 3.—The Ritzville Warehouse Company held its annual directors' meeting here and the report of Manager Frank Dorgan showed that he handled the past season 385,000 bushels of wheat.

BULLION STOLEN 27 YEARS AGO IS RECOVERED

Omaha, Feb. 1.—Superintendent Patterson, of the Pacific Express Company, returned to Omaha from Sidney, Neb., yesterday, bringing with him two large bricks of bullion, representing part of the loot of a robbery of the company's office in Sidney, Neb., in March, 1880. The metal was found buried in the debris of a saloon which burned down two weeks ago. The robbery was the boldest of its kind ever pulled off in the West, and the bullion, which had been received that day by stage from the Black Hills, was valued at $127,000. One of the bricks was sold to the Denver mint a year after the robbery.

Sheriff McCarthy, who then owned the saloon which burned recently, was believed to be the leader of the robber band, but the express company was unable to secure his indictment. His brother was later hanged by vigilantes. McCarthy has been dead several years. Superintendent Patterson is trying to establish complete identification of the metal. He says the bulion value is indefinite, but he will have it assayed at once.

NON-PARTIZAN CAMPAIGN FOR REVISION OF TARIFF

Chicago, Feb. 1.—It is announced by the Chicago Association of Commerce that the most important, influential and representative committee organized in recent years will assemble on February 3 in Washington for the purpose of urging tariff revision without the interference of politics after the next presidential election.

Besides the Chicago Association of Commerce, the organizations that will be represented are the National Association of Manufacturers, Millers' National Federation, Chicago Board of Trade, Baltimore Board of Trade, Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce, American Meat Packers' Association, National Livestock Association, Cottonseed Crushers' Association and others.

The program for the committee includes calls upon President Roosevelt, Speaker Cannon, the ways and means committee of the house and the finance committee of the senate. The committee will urge the formation of a nonpartizan commission of experts, whose duty it will be to investigate alleged inequitable tariff schedules and report upon them to congress. It is said that there is no political influence of any kind back of the committee, which includes both democrats and republicans.

WALLA WALLA FARMERS CLOSE BIG SACK CONTRACT

Walla Walla, Feb. 3.—The farmers of the Walla Walla country are in high spirits over the termination of their negotiations with the dealers in grain sacks for their 1908 supply. At a meeting of the Farmers' Co-operative and Educational Union in this city contracts were signed by a large number of farmers for a total of 1,398,356 Calcutta grain sacks at a price of 7 3-8 cents each, delivered at any railroad station in Walla Walla county. This is 3 5-8 cents less than the prevailing price of the same sacks last year, and 1 5-8 cents less than the price of the product of the jute mill at the state penitentiary last year.

A number of bidders were present at the meeting and filed sealed bids with the secretary after it was known how many sacks were wanted. The bid of J. Z. Smith, representing Kerr, Gifford & Co., was found to be the lowest, and arrangements were made for the payment and delivery. One-tenth of the purchase price is to be paid down and the balance upon delivery of the sacks, between June 15 and August 1.

The number of sacks contracted for represents a total expenditure on the part of the farmers of $103,129.74, and the cash payment will represent $10,312.97.

This is the first time for a number of years that the farmers have been able to secure their sacks at such a low price, and their success will no doubt stimulate the interest and membership in the Co-operative and Educational Union throughout the grain-growing section of the Northwest.

Owing to the fact that only a small part of the output of the penitentiary jute mill is assigned for sale in each county, the result of the meeting means a saving of nearly $50,000 to the farmers of the Walla Walla valley. It is estimated that it will require nearly 3,000,000 sacks to care for the grain this year, in the event of an average crop.

FAVORABLE REPORT ON SHIP SUBSIDY AUTHORIZED

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—The committee on commerce of the senate has authorized a favorable report on Senator Gallinger's bill to extend the mail carrying rates for vessels of the twenty-knot class to sixteen-knot vessels on the routes to South America, to the Philippines via Japan and China and to Australia. The passage of the bill will mean an award of $4 per statute mile for vessels on these routes carrying United States mails, instead of $2 per mile which they are now receiving. The twenty-knot American mail steamships are all confined to the Atlantic. A grant of $2 per mile to the other lines mentioned will aid them considerably, and to a certain extent act as a subsidy to bring about improvement in their service. The measure is in the nature of a ship subsidy bill. It is the only bill of this class which the senate will consider at this session.

HITS UNIONS HARD

ANOTHER BOYCOTT DECISION BY UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Unions Held Liable Under Sherman Law for Damages in Boycott Cases—Chief Justice Fuller Maintains the Sherman Act's Operations Exempt No Class.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 4.—Yesterday, for the third time within a month, the supreme court of the United States promulgated an opinion construing laws adversely to the contentions of organized labor. The first of the decisions was rendered on January 6, in the case of some railway employes who sought to secure damages under what is known as the employers' liability law, making railroads responsible for injuries resulting from the negligence of fellow servants, which law the court held to be unconstitutional. The second important finding in this line was announced on January 23, when the Erdman arbitration act, forbidding the discharge of employes because they are members of labor unions, was declared invalid. The verdict rendered yesterday was in the case of Loewe versus Lawler, the latter a member of the Hatters' Union, and the former a hat manufacturer of Danbury, Conn. The case involved the applicability of the seventh section of the Sherman anti-trust law to conspiracies by labor unions to boycott articles entering into interstate trade.

Under the terms of that provision the complaining party may collect three times the amount of his loss if the charge is sustained. The union fought the case on the ground that the law was inapplicable to such organizations; but the court, whose opinion was announced by Chief Justice Fuller,, failed to accept this view, and in effect held that the unions would not be permitted to interfere by boycott with the free exchange of commerce between the states. There was no dissenting opinion.

Holds Restraint of Trade.

After quoting many precedents and reciting the complaint in the case, Chief Justice Fuller continued:

"The averments here are that there was an existing interstate traffic between plaintiff and citizens of other states, and that for the direct purpose of destroying such interstate traffic defendants combined not merely to prevent plaintiffs from manufacturing articles then and there intended for transportation beyond the state, but also to prevent the vendees from reselling the hats which they had imported from Connecticut or from further negotiating with plaintiffs for the purchase and transportation of such hats from Connecticut to the various places of destination. So that, although some of the means whereby the interstate traffic was to be destroyed were acts within a state and some of them were in themselves as a part of their obvious purpose and effect beyond the scope of federal authority, still, as we have seen, the acts must be considered as a whole, and the plan is open to condemnation, notwithstanding a negligible amount of interstate business might be affected in carrying it out.

"If the purposes of the combination were, as alleged, to prevent any interstate transportation at all, the fact that the means operated at one end before physical transportation commenced at the other end after the physical ended was immaterial. Nor can the act in question be held inapplicable because the defendants were not themselves engaged in interstate commerce. The act made no distinction between classes. It provided that 'every' contract, combination and conspiracy in restraint of trade was illegal."

Includes Federation of Labor.

Daniel Davenport, of Bridgeport, Conn., associated with James M. Beck, of New York City, who represented the plaintiffs in the case of Loewe versus Lawler, made the following statement regarding the decision:

"So long as the American Federation of Labor and other labor unions resort to the boycott as a weapon of attack upon the interstate business of manufacturers they are illegal and criminal combinations, and it is the duty of the department of justice to proceed against them the same as against illegal and criminal combinations of capitalists."

When asked for an expression of opinion in regard to the decision of the supreme court in the Loewe case, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, declined to make any comment at this time.

New Beach Line at Nome.

Seattle, Feb. 5.—A cable dispatch from Nome says: A new beach line has been discovered north of the submarine channel two miles north of this city. Good pay has been struck, but to what extent has as yet not been determined. The new find has stimulated interest in the properties west and north of the city.

Chamberlain Is Out for Senate.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 5.—George E. Chamberlain, democratic governor of Oregon, will be a candidate for the office of United States senator. He has been twice elected governor of the state as the candidate of that party.

BRYAN ON STOCK GAMBLING.

Future and Margin Dealing Pictured as a Grave Crime.

New York, Feb. 5.—Taking the eighth commandment as his text, William J. Bryan pointed out to the civic forum last night the possibilities of larceny in violation of the law and what he said was of still greater importance, larceny through the operation of the law.

Much of Mr. Bryan's address was a repetition of his oft-expressed views as to defects in administration of the law. He was severe in his criticism of stock speculation, saying:

"I hope I shall not be thought guilty of impropriety in suggesting that the commandments which are binding upon the rest of the world ought not to be suspended in the region of Wall street. If we were able to make an exact calculation of the amount of money taken from an unsuspecting public each year by the issue of stocks and bonds known to be worthless, we would probably find that the total amount of money stolen in this way is larger than the amount stolen in a single year by all of the criminals who have been sent to the penitentiary during the year for petit larceny or grand larceny.

"Gambling is one of the worst of vices and gambling in stocks and in farm products is the most destructive form in which the vice appears. Measured by the number of suicides caused by the New York stock exchange, Monte Carlo is an innocent pleasure resort by comparison. Measured by the amount of money changing hands, the contrast is still greater in favor of Monte Carlo; and measured by the influence upon those who do not gamble, the evils of Monte Carlo are insignificant when compared with the evils of New York commercial gambling houses. The New York stock exchange has graduated more embezzlers than Fagin's school did thieves. The natural laws of supply and demand ought to regulate prices, but these laws are entirely suspended when a few men can by their bets add millions of dollars to the market value of one product or take millions of dollars from the value of another product. The men in charge of the Louisiana lottery never did a tithe of the harm that the grain gamblers and the stock gamblers of New York do every day."

SENATE MAY PROBE RAILWAY LAND GRANTS

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Senator Tillman has introduced a resolution calling upon the president to inform the senate whether railroads receiving land grants containing conditions requiring that such should be sold to actual settlers only and for amounts named in the grants, have violated the terms of the grants and what action has been taken by the department of justice in respect to these matters.

The preamble of the resolution referred to the railroads of the Pacific coast as the ones indicated, and stated that the department of justice had information concerning the matter.

Senator Kean objected to the immediate consideration of the resolution, whereupon Tillman said he had discovered the things he aimed at in his resolution while on a trip in the West last summer. He was then told that these railroads absolutely refused to comply with the terms of their grants and would not sell their lands.

Senator Fulton said he was familiar with the matters referred to in this resolution and that the road against which the complaint is aimed is now a part of the Southern Pacific system.

Tillman said the resolution also related to the Northern Pacific land grants.

Fulton continued, saying land grants made in the '70s were coupled with the condition that the land should be sold to actual settlers only at a price not exceeding $2.50 per acre.

"A great deal of the land," he said, "is held by the railroad companies and they refuse to sell it for $2.50 an acre."

Fulton said he believed in either having the terms of the grants complied with or in forcing the companies to return the land to the government.

Senator Heyburn suggested that it has been customary for the railroads to require settlers in purchasing land to purchase the improvements they themselves had made before the purchase and wanted that requirement also inquired into.

The consideration of the resolution was postponed.

Tillman then offered another resolution relating to the same subject and directing the attorney general to institute such proceedings on behalf of the United States as may be necessary to insure a compliance with the conditions accompanying the land grants or to restore the lands to the public domain or report to congress why such action had not been or should not be taken.

Without comment this resolution was referred to the committee on judiciary.

Governor Toole of Montana Resigns.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 1.—Governor James K. Toole this morning filed his resignation with the secretary of state. Ill health was ascribed as the cause. He will be succeeded by Lieutenant Governor E. N. Morris. The governor's health has been bad for some time. tI is believed he will go to California to rest during the remainder of the winter.

Cheap Fare in North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 3.—The senate has agreed to the house bill providing for a 2 1-2 cent passenger fare.

CURRENCY BILL UP

ALDRICH MEASURE TO BE CONSIDERED BY SENATE FEBRUARY 10.

Important Amendment Is Inserted in First Section of the Bill—Provision for Issue of Notes in Times of Stringency—Favorable Report on Ship Subsidy.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The senate held a short session, during which Senator Aldrich reported his banking bill from the committee on finance, which he announced he would call up for consideration on Monday, February 10.

The following amendment is inserted in the first section of the bill:

"The comptroller of the currency shall transmit immediately the application, with his recommendations, to the secretary of the treasury, who shall, if in his judgment business conditions in the locality demand additional circulation, approve the same, and shall determine the time of issue and fix the amount within the limitations hereinafter imposed of the additional circulation notes to be issued. In order that the distribution of notes to be issued under the provisions of this act shall be made as equitable as practicable between the various sections of the country, the secretary of the treasury shall not approve applications from associations in any state in excess of the amount to which such state would be entitled of the additional notes herein authorized on the basis of the proportion which the unimpaired capital and surplus of the national banking association in such state bears to the total amount of unimpaired capital and surplus of the national banking associations of the United States.

Left to Secretary.

"Provided, however, that in case the applications from associations in any state shall not be equal to the amount which the associations of such state would be entitled to under this method of distribution, the secretary of the treasury may in his discretion, to meet an emergency, assign the amount not thus applied for to any applying association or associations in the states in the same section of the country."

The clause of the original bill fixing 75 per cent of the market value of all municipal and railway bonds as the limit of the issue of notes against them has been amended so that railroad bonds alone are to be taken at 75 per cent of their market value. Notes may be issued against deposits of municipal and county bonds up to 90 per cent of their market value.

The limit of circulating notes that may be issued under the act has been raised from $250,000,000 to $500,000,000.

There is an amendment making it the duty of the secretary of the treasury to obtain information with reference to the value and character of the municipal and railroad securities authorized to be accepted under the provisions of the act.

Memorandum Not Required.

The provision in the old bill requiring a memorandum on the back of each bond showing that the legal title of the same has passed to the treasurer of the United States in trust has been stricken out and it has been made the duty of the secretary of the treasury to prescribe regulations for conveying title.

The provisions of the original bill relating to the preparation of circulating notes in blank to an amount equal to 50 per cent of the capital stock of a bank requesting an issuance has been changed so that it is mandatory on the comptroller to proceed as soon as practicable to prepare notes of all national banks so that they may be ready for issue immediately upon the receipt of applications and after securities have been approved.

Senator Warren introduced a joint resolution calling for an amendment to the constitution which shall provide that the vote of no person in the United States shall be withheld or abridged on account of sex. Senator Gore introduced a bill prohibiting the granting of restraining orders by federal courts in cases between employer and employe unless it is necessary to prevent irreparable injury to the property rights of the party making the application. The bill also provides that no agreement between employes can be held by a court as a conspiracy unless property rights are endangered.

Alaska Mining Decision.

Nome, Alaska, Feb. 1.—In the litigation of Espe versus Stenfjeld, Federal Judge Moore has found in favor of the location of association claims. This is said to be the first decision of its kind in Alaska and will affect many claims in the Nome district, as elsewhere in the North, if Judge Moore's contention is upheld.

Debt Increases in January.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business January 31, 1908, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $392,638,637, which is an increase for the month of $8,607,806. The decrease in the amount of cash in the treasury for the month was $3,192,689.

BEAUTIFYING A CITY.

American Towns as a Rule Pay Little Attention to Shade Trees.

In the beautifying of a city special attention should be paid to shade trees in the residence portions and in the parks. The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says:

"In the most beautiful cities of the world the shade trees are scarcely second to architecture in pleasing effects. The architects and city foresters supplement each other, and the most delightful scenes are those in which the efforts of both blend harmoniously. American towns, as a rule, spring up without attention to shade trees, but the time comes when the lack is pressed upon public attention by comparison with other cities that have been less negligent. Superficially viewed, shade trees are a minor item. But, in fact, they are one of the most important branches of municipal work. They add to the value of property to an extent but little understood, though every purchaser of a home knows how much he is attracted by a well-shaded street. A few well-developed shade trees on a vacant lot, with other good specimens along the curbs, are sure to bring along customers willing to pay a little higher price than on a naked highway. The general vistas of a well-planted neighborhood are worth still more. All large cities are multiplying parks and boulevards in which trees, shrubbery and lawns are a main consideration. Compare the price of property in such localities with that in other sections, outside of business, and a true idea is formed of values and their basis. Shade trees are property of a precious kind.

"The city shade tree should be a special object of care on the part of the municipal authorities. It should be guarded and protected. No person should be allowed to hitch a horse to it. No candidate or other advertiser should be permitted to tack a placard on it, or allow it to be abused in any way. Not only should the planting of trees in a city be encouraged and the trees outside of the city along roads should be conserved and protected for the public benefit. It is shocking to see fine forest trees along the Glendale trolley line and along the turnpikes defaced with all sorts of tin and paper signs that are tacked upon them. The trees should be respected for the public's sake."

"SAUCE FOR THE GANDER."

Hats-Off-in-the-Theater Rule Gives Woman Her Inning.

Score one for the women.

Under the present management of the Astor Theater in New York every woman who holds a seat coupon is under contract to remove her hat if she is requested to do so. The agreement is one of the terms on which the ticket is sold. The man who conceived this idea is doubtless congratulating himself upon the fact that he has solved the problem presented when a woman occasionally declines to lower her top hamper. But in achieving his victory he has come into collision with two other problems.

A woman inquires with bland suavity whether the management, having forced the removal of the hats, has provided any place to put them. There are the veil and the hatpins as well as the hats. So long as their removal was a voluntary act of courtesy the women were content to carry them on their laps or fasten them on the backs of the seats before them. But under compulsion—that is a different matter.

The woman also asks with sweetness but deep feeling whether the management has imposed a contract on the male holders of seat coupons preventing them from forcing women to arise between every two acts and crowding by them that they may assuage their alcoholic thirst. She suggests that the bibulous ones be compelled to purchase end seats at a slightly increased price or refrain from imposing discomfort upon those about them.

Plainly, what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander.—Cleveland Leader.

Exiled Forever.

The gray-haired man, tall and dignified, stood on the deck of the outward-bound steamer trying vainly to control the tears that coursed down his worn and haggard cheeks. "Alas," he sighed as the ship moved slowly from the dock, "I shall never see this, my old home, again!"

"What was your sin," asked the sympathetic passenger, "that it is punished by external exile?"

"Sir," answered the tearful man pathetically, "it was not sin, it was folly. I was a judge at the baby show."—Florida Times Union.

Predicament of Age.

To-day our attitude toward old age has greatly changed. We no longer pretend to treat it as a hackneyed joke, but instead have agreed politely to ignore it. No one is old, simply because he cannot afford to be.

The kingdom has been given over to the young, and age must borrow youth's clothing if it would still hold its own in the council chamber or the market place.—Gentleman's Magazine.

To Meet the Demand.

"Do these navel oranges really grow without seeds, mamma?" asked Tommy.

"Yes," replied his mother, "some smart man discovered a way to make them grow that way."

"O, wouldn't it be fine if he could only find a way to make chickens grow with four drumsticks."—Philadelphia Press.

J. C. HANSEN

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

—Phone 38—

DRY FRUIT

5 lbs. Prunes, Italian, . . . 25c

3 lbs. Prunes, Italian, larger, 25c

4 lbs. Black Figs for steaming, 25c

Dry Peaches, 1 lb., ... 15c

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

—Phone 38—

— THE —

OLYMPIC = LEADER

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

LEGAL ADVERTISING RATES

Local Reading Notices, per line.....5c
Lodge Resolutions, per line.....5c
Cards of Thanks per line.....5c
Half rate made on advertising done for Church and Charity pay entertainments.
Summons, tax and ordinary, except Divorce Summons, $7.50.
Divorce Summons, $6.00.
Sheriff Sale Notices, $7.50.
All Probate Notices of ordinary length, running three or four weeks, $5.00.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Subscription Price $1 per year.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1908

TWO CANDIDATES FOR DIRECTOR

The coming school election has already become a topic of considerable interest, there being two avowed candidates in the field for director. J. E. Beam, whose term expires this year, is out for re-election, asking the support of his friends on the basis of a clean record and painstaking care in the management of school affairs. S. E. Stakemiller, the other candidate, is equally capable and would doubtless be equally conscientious in attention to school interests. Mr. Stakemiller says he believes the directors should become acquainted, through personal observation, with the work of the individual teacher and he would make that, together with improvements in sanitary arrangements and the beautifying of school grounds, a matter of special study. The contest will be friendly and the public will have no cause for complaint, no matter which gentleman is elected.

A ROSE PLANTING DAY.

February 22nd has been selected in Portland as "Rose Planting Day." Five thousand bushes will be placed in that city's parks by order of their council, and fifty thousand more in the yards and gardens of the city. What's the matter with Angeles having a rose planting day? Our soil and climate is peculiarly adapted to the growing of the rose. This is shown by the many beautiful roses growing in all parts of the city. But why not have an abundance of the fragrant blossoms everywhere that Angeles may be known as the "City Beautiful" for all this Sound country? A little extra work and care on the part of each would accomplish this much to be desired result.

JAPS BETTER INFORMED.

The Seattle Times story of the Japanese military reservation at Port Crescent would have been more convincing had their artist had a kindergarten knowledge of the geography of his own immediate vicinity. He places the farm within a few miles of the cape instead of a short distance of Angeles. Were the Japs to march on the sound fortifications from that point they would have to be adepts in traveling thru an unbroken Clallam county forest.

The Board of County Commissioners acted wisely in recognizing the efficient services of Ray L. Haynes by appointing him superintendent of the Westphal County Home for another term. Ray has set the pattern for the ranchers of the county by making of this rural home a beauty spot to look upon. Everything about the premises is kept in shipshape, and nothing left undone that would add to the symmetry and beauty of the place. As Supt. of the county home Ray is a success.

Seattle is to have new fair grounds and race track at Madison Park where an annual fair and live stock show will be held. September next has been selected as the date for the opening exhibit, which, it is expected, will eclipse anything of the kind heretofore given in the State in importance of industrial, agricultural and live stock exhibits. J. O. Morse a former Angelesite, is secretary and general manager of the association.

The committee of the whole, to whom was referred the question of midnight and Sunday closing of saloons, failed to make a report at the council meeting Tuesday night. A number of the saloon men are in favor of midnight closing, and it is said that, were it not for the surreptitious gambling in certain joints, others would also be.

Valentines!

A large line of new Cut-Outs, Lace and Comics

Mathewson's Drug Store
Near Post Office
Phone 28 Mail your Orders

Landscape Gardening, Budding and Grafting, Pruning and Spraying

Grading lots, making lawns, flower beds, etc. Have your grounds in proper shape and the work of taking care of them will be nominal It will pay you well to have your old worthless fruit trees grafted to new and choice fruits. I am getting scions (or slips) from some of the best bearing trees in city and county and also from Pullman and other places to try here. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction or no charge.

J. G. MADLAND
Cor. 10th & Lincoln Sts., Port Angeles, Wash.

TREATMENT FOR MILDEW

Mildew appears at various times during the summer. You will find it on nearly all kinds of fruit trees, also on roses and ornamental shrubs. In this locality I have found it mostly on apple trees and rose bushes. It spreads very rapidly in dry weather, appearing at first in round whitish blotches, and soon covering the whole surface with a felt-like coat which stops the growth of the new shoots, and when it infects the bloom and buds it destroys the fruit crop.

Cut off all of last year's growth and burn it; also spray with Bordeaux Mixture—six pounds of blue stone and four pounds of lime to 40 or 50 gallons of water. The Washington spraying calendar will tell you how to mix it. You can have one for the asking. Don't forget to clean up the rose bushes that have mildew on them even if you have to dig them out and burn them, otherwise it will be useless to try to get your trees clean, for an old mildew rose bush is enough to infest your whole place.

J. G. MADLAND,
Fruit Inspector.

DUNN-STRANGE

The marriage of E. B. Griffin's grand daughter, Miss Maggie Mabel Dunn, to Dalston M. Strange, took place at Grand Ledge, Michigan, on New Year's day, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Dunn. The service was held beneath a white arch, decorated with smilax, the ring service being used. The bride was gowned in white silk and phillie lace and carried a shower of white roses, hyacinths and smilax. The home was decorated with ferns and carnations. After the ceremony a three course lunch was served, when the couple left for their wedding trip. Mr. Strange is a young man of good character and sterling qualities, and his bride a model young lady. They will be at home in their own new home, completely furnished and ready for occupancy, at West Front street.

CHANGE IN FIRM.

I wish to inform the ladies of Port Angeles and vicinity that I have sold my millinery store to Misses Kern, recently from St. Paul, Minn., who will continue the business. My successors are ladies of experience in the business, and I trust that the ladies of Angeles will extend to them the same liberal patronage as accorded me in the past, for which I feel very grateful.

Lucretia H. Peddicord.

Pleasant and Most Effective

T. J. Chambers, Ed. Vindicator, Liberty, Texas, writes Dec. 25, 1902:

"With pleasure and unsolicited by you, I bear testimony to the curative power of Ballard's Horehound Syrup. I have used it in my family and can cheerfully affirm it is the most effective and best remedy for coughs and colds I have ever used."

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell, at private sale, the English shire stallion formerly owned by Levi Cays, now deceased. Offers to purchase said horse may be submitted to me at Dungeness.

Arthur W. Cays,
Administrator of the estate of Levi Cays, deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington for Clallam County.

In the matter of the estate of George F. Frost, deceased.

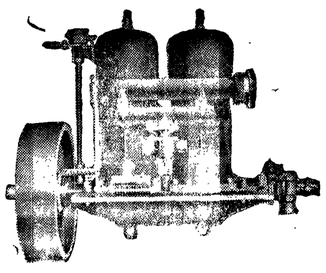
Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of George F. Frost, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, Thomas F. Trumbull, on the 14th day of January, 1908, by the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said deceased or said estate, are hereby required to present the same with the necessary vouchers, to said administrator, at the offices of Messrs. Trumbull & Trumbull, in the Aldwell block, in the city of Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington, within one year after the date of this notice, or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this 31st day of January, 1908.

THOMAS F TRUMBULL,
Administrator of the estate of George F. Frost, deceased.

J. M. MARTIN
Agent for
FERRO MARINE ENGINE



Launches, Row Boats and Skiffs and Dories
Manufactured to order. Engine in stalled in boats. Boats kept in stock for sale.
Port Angeles, Washington.

PROBATE NOTICE.

No. 395

In the Superior Court of Clallam county State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Levi H. Cays, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Levi H. Cays, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 24th day of December, 1907, by the Superior Court of Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers to me for allowance at my residence, at Dungeness, Washington, within one year after the date of this notice or they shall be forever barred

Dated this 31st day of January, 1908.

ARTHUR W. CAY
Administrator of the estate of Levi H. Cays, deceased.

James Stewart, Att'y for the Estate.

PROBATE NOTICE.

No. 416

In the Superior Court of Clallam county State of Washington

In the matter of the estate of Mary E. Myers, deceased

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Mary E Myers, deceased were granted to the undersigned, on the 29th day of January, 1908, by the Superior Court of Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers to me for allowance at the office of James Stewart, attorney for said estate, No. 5½ Front Street, Port Angeles, Washington within one year after the date of this notice or they shall be forever barred

Dated this 31st day of January, 1908.

MARY J. HOOKER,
Administrator of the estate of Mary E. Myers, deceased

Annual Clearance Sale

SELLING AT COST

To make room For new goods

Tea and Coffee A Specialty.

Hong, Young Co.
Ling Toy, Manager.
Phone 25.

FOR SALE BY OWNER

Having more property than I can profitably handle I will sell any of the following:

11 acres highly improved farm, 2½ miles east of Postoffice, $2000 house, 2 barns, big root house, 3 large chicken yards; City Telephone, imprhvements cost over $4,000. Take it for $2,000.

250 feet front on 8th and Albert, good soil, fine large orchard, $2,000. house, new $300. barn, sheds, wire fences, etc., a bargain at $3,000.

Lots 6 and 7, corner 7th and Laurel streets, fine residence location, cottage 5 rooms and hall, large and substantial work house, fine orchard and grounds, $1,400.

50 foot lot on Second and Francis streets, cleared.

6 Lots in Whittington's Addition.

Lots 1 and 2, Block 333, 10th and Eunice.

30 Lots in McGill's Addition, $10 each, in a bunch.

Address
BOX 482
Port Angeles, Wn.

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.
Rooms 10 & 10a Aldwell Blk.

See him for

Real Estate
Surety Bonds
Fire Insurance
Time Investments
All Information
Cheerfully Given

Special care given property of non-residents

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.

The R. D. WILLSON HARDWARE CO.

PLOWS —AND— HARROWS

Our line of Farm Machinery is of the dependable kind, the best makes only.

The world famed Oliver Plows.

The Syracuse, always Standard.

The Celebrated J. I. Case wood and steel beam known everywhere.

Spring-tooth Harrows
Spike-tooth Harrows
Manure Spreaders

If you are in need of anything in the line of farm machinery, let us quote you prices.

Garden Tools, Hoes and Rakes, Planet Jr. Seeders.

THE R. D. WILLSON HARDWARE CO.

Valentines

A large line of the latest designs in Mailable Valentines from 1c to $3. each.

SEE OUR WINDOW

Valentine Postals

in COMIC and FANCY designs.

C. E. NAILOR & CO.

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41. Mail Orders Are Solicited.

LODGE NOTICES

F. & A. M.—Port Angeles Lodge No. 69, F. & A. M., meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month. Visiting brothers always welcome.
R. D. WILLSON, W. M.
E. D. ELIOTT, Sec'y.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall, cor. Oak and First streets. Visitors cordially invited.
H. M. FISHER, Exalted Ruler.
E. D. ELIOTT, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall
J. D. MCROBERTS, N G.
WM. W. GARVIN, Secretary

THE
Candy Castle

21 East Front Street

The Place to buy

FRESH

Candies

Fruits

Nuts, etc.

HANNAH DONAHUE
Proprietress.

For your plows and harrows see H. Gutenberg Co.

Plymouth Rocks, pure bred, 75c for setting of 15. Frank Chambers, Sr.

For your plows and harrows see H. Gutenberg & Co.

E. A. FitzHenry, Col. Peter and Wm. Ritchie returned Monday from Seattle.

Heinz's Kraut 5c the pound, and Heinz's Dill Pickles 20c the dozen at Quality Seevers.

For the best working glove.
Jim Knight
The Man on the Corner.

A large shipment of plows, spike and spring tooth harrows have just arrived and will be sold at prices that will sell them. H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Mitchell are the proud parents of an eight pound girl, born Friday of last week.

Packard shoes for men; full selection, all the latest styles.
Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

The Ennis Creek Nursery offers first class Fruit and Ornamental trees and Shrubbery in all choice varieties at reasonable prices.
T. H. Carter.

W. T. Manning, an old newspaper man from California, who has recently taken a homestead at Blyn, was a pleasant caller Tuesday.

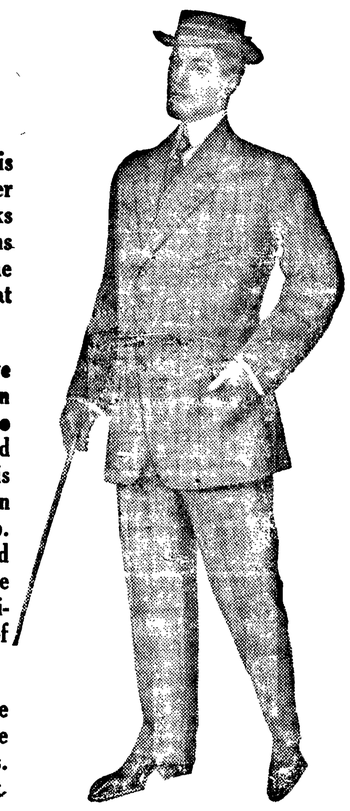
The new restaurant and bakery, to be opened up about the 20th of this month in the rooms opposite the postoffice, will, it is said, present the neatest appearance of any dining-room in town. Mr. Boivin will have charge of the restaurant and Mr. Van Dellen the bakery.

Handfull of Money

are the possessions of savers only. The careless spenders seldom have them. But by banking your savings you rapidly increase the piie until you become wealthy. Our system of banking will commend itself to you. We are liberal in our methods up to the limit of consistency. We shall be glad to welcome your account and assure you beforehand of excellent treatment.

Citizens National Bank Port Angeles, Washington

What Your Tailor?
TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1906



THE line of fabrics we show this Fall is fuller and handsomer than ever. Each year marks improvement in variety of designs and now you will find here the choicest products of the mills at home and abroad.

Ed. V. Price & Co., whom we represent here, have a reputation for making clothes for those who are to wear them, that fit and maintain integrity of shape, that is justified by the care and attention they bestow on the workmanship. This, combined with honestly priced fabrics, makes the profit a little lower and our standing in this business a little higher than that of others in our line.

Whatever your fancy or your purse dictates, you will find it here. We show 500 new Fall styles of woolens. Call to-day — we'll treat you right.

CHAS. A. FILION
Next to Glendale Creamery, Port Angeles. REPRESENTATIVE

CITY NEWS

Valentine postals at Nailor's.

Best bed springs on earth at Baker's

"Quality Seevers" for teas and coffees.

New England "Bloaters" 5c each, at Quality Seevers' Cash Store.

The Musical Club will have an open meeting in Haning Hall Monday the 10th.

John Dyke returned Monday from a trip to Bellingham, Seattle and Tacoma.

Mrs. Chas. Gallagher returned Monday from a visit with friends in Seattle.

Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Sutton from Port Crescent spent a few hours in this city Wednesday.

George Lamb and George Talbot of Clallam were in the city on business the last of the week.

If you have an old copper tea pot, coffee pot or wash boiler, Baker will trade you a new one.

Men's Brown Mackinaw Coats with belt, $3.00 to clear them up.
Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

Correct styles in Collars and Ties. "Arion Brand" collars. "Temples Neckwear."
Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

Drink "Old Mission" Coffee—it is steel cut, vacuum packed, sanitary, scientific and healthful; 40c the pound or two pounds for 75c. Seevers keeps it.

Among Monday's arrivals were Mrs. Theo. H. Rixon, County Clerk E. A. FitzHenry, John Phillips, W.H. Peter, H. Martin, John Dyke, Sr., Wm. Ritchie, W. H. Hulburt, H. Daniels.

Chas. Filion has removed his tailoring shop to the Laurel St. wharf, adjoining the creamery, while L. W. Nichols has removed to his former location on Front street, opposite the post office.

Preparations are now well under way for the Lange vocal and instrumental concert to be given shortly for the benefit of the Congregational parsonage fund. The program, which is a most excellent one, will be announced soon.

In the Seattle Sunday Times was printed a halftone of little Miss Marion Day, the two and a half year old daughter of Landlord and Mrs. E. E. Day of the Merchants, Port Angeles. Quite an honor for the little lady.

I was walking on the beach last Wednesday morning, the first day of frost, and saw something come from a red barn door; I thought it was a ghost; he ran into the water, took a swim, then ran two blocks. On enquiring of the neighbors I found he was The Doomed Man.

A return dance was given Tuesday night to the young ladies who gave the Leap Year ball at Haning Hall last week. The opera house was well filled with the merry dancers and all report a most jolly time. Refreshments were served at midnight.

Dave Govan of Dungeness was a business visitor before the County Commissioners Tuesday.

Lee's Lice Killer 35c, and Lee's Insect Powder 25c the can at Quality Seevers.

Even from the Mountains

Ballard's Snow Liniment is praised for the good it does. A sure cure for Rheumatism and al pains. Wright W. Loving, Grand Junction, Colo,, writes: "I used Ballard's Snow Liniment, last winter, for Rheumatism aud can recommend it as the best Liniment on the market. I thought, at the time I was taken down with this trouble, that it would be a week before I could get about, but on applying your Liniment several times during the night, I was about in 40 hours and well in three days."
Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF FINAL ACCOUNT.

No. 292.
In the Superior Court of Clallam County State of Washington.
In the matter of the estate of Augusta Johnson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that Ella Johnson, Administratrix of the estate of Augusta Johnson, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington, her Final Account as such Administratrix; and her prayer for partition and distribution of said estate, and that Thursday the 20th day of February, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court room of our said Superior Court, in the City of Port Angeles, in said Clallam County, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court, for the settlement of the Final Account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said final account, and contest the same.

Witness, the Hon. Lester Still, Judge of the said Superior Court, and the Seal of said Court affixed this 21st day of Jan-January, A. D., 1908.

(SEAL) E. A. Fitz Henry, County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.
A. A. Richardson, Attorney.

Yellow Corn Meal in 15c packages at Quality Seevers.

Al. Fairservice was here yesterday on his way to his home at East Clallam from up sound.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Sunday school at 10. Preaching services at 11, conducted by Rev. C. E. Fulmer. Epworth League at 6:30.

Sunday Services in the Baptist Church conducted by Rev. A. Mackintosh, M. A., Kirkland. Morning subject, "God's Call to Holiness." Evening, 7:30, subject, "The Three Appearings of Christ—Past, Present, and Future."

Now is the time to look after your fencing. H. Gutenberg & Co. have just received a large shipment of wire fencing and poultry netting from 12 inches to 72 inches high.

I solicit your special orders. My pen is at your service; and special shirts, collars, underwear in any ordinary or extraordinary sizes, I will be glad to procure for you.
Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

E. E. HOPKINS
GROCERY CO.

Phone 33.

THE

25c GYPSY 25c

COFFEE

is the BEST

TRY IT

For other groceries of the best qualities give us a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed.

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK
Pay for the best and get it.

Keep in Mind
THE
PALACE of SWEETS
FOR
Candies, Fruits, Nuts, etc.

McDonald & Graham

When you want

FISH

Fresh, Salt or Smoked

We can supply you with the best obtainable and invite you to Inspect our stock. We have

Salt Salmon,
Salt Herring,
Salt Black Cod,
Salmon Bellies,
Mackerel,
Smoked Salmon,
Smoked Halibut,
Smoked Herring,
Kippered Salmon,
Bloaterettes,
Canned Fish, Etc.

—o—

We sell

Eastern Oysters

—o—

Phone 49.

City Fish Market

MERRITT & HULBURT
REALTY CO.

Ranch and Timber Lands a Specialty

Port Angeles, Washington

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

The House of Quality

1. Tell us what we can do to retain your confidence, with confidence comes satisfaction

2. We stand behind everything we sell, it makes no difference if it is a package of yeast cakes or a sack of sugar.

3. Tell our deliveryman where you want your things put, show him where to dump the grain and he will do it.

4. Ask any of the store force such questions you wish and you will be treated courteously.

5. The quality of our goods is a hobby with us, combined with a price that is the lowest obtainable, and makes it economical to our customers.

6. We have doubled our trade in the past two years by constant attention to the wants of our patrons, by honest dealings, by correct weight, and hard work.

The House of Quality

E. W. MERRILL & CO.
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

Our Own Boat
STEAMER ALBION

Leave City Dock, Port Angeles, after 7 p. m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave Schwabacher Dock, Pier 7, Seattle, after 6:30 p. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

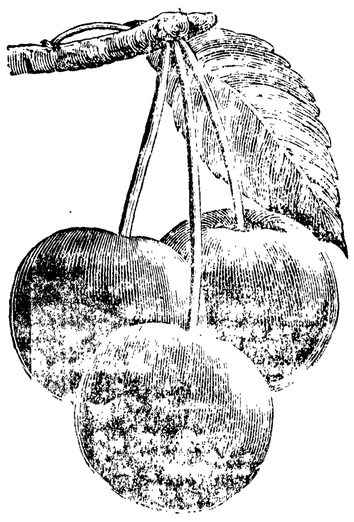
Special attention given to handling all kinds of freight and we solicit the patronage of all citizens of Port Angeles.
Capt. W. L. Stetson, Master.
C. C. Brooks, Purser.

Recognized Leading Angeles Hotel for Commercial Men and Public Generally.

MERCHANTS HOTEL
E. E. DAY, PROPRIETOR

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons, and Party Suppers.

Only Wholesale Liquor House in County in Connection. Phone 4.
Goods Delivered Free in City. Mail Orders from County Patrons Given Prompt Attention.



Growing Cherry Trees

is one of our specialties. Fine, strong, healthy trees. Beautiful for the lawn, garden or avenue. Useful for its luscious, healthful fruit. Profitable for the Commercial Orchard. Do not neglect to plant cherry trees.

Engvolsen
Nursery Company
9th, Peabody & Chase Sts.
Port Angeles, Wn.

EGGS FOR HATCHING
FROM PURE BLOOD

B. P. Rocks,
S. C. Brown Leghorns,
Blue Andalusians,
R. C Rhode Island Reds

$1 00 per 15

Will spare a few settings of White Minorcas for $2.00 per 15

A few choice Cockerels for sale at from $2.00 to $3.00 each

Mountain View Poultry Farm.
A. A. GETCHELL, Prop,
Port Angeles, Wash.

JAMES STEWART
Attorney at Law
Office on Front Street.
Port Angeles, Wash.

W. A. LEWIS
Contractor and Builder

Satisfaction Guaranteed

Port Angeles Washington

McKEE & LaFLOWER
Funeral Directors AND Embalmers

C. F. MERRITT, Manager City Office

Phones: LaFlower 108; McKee 105: City Office 7.

LADY ATTENDANTS

KENTUCKY'S TOBACCO WAR.

Night Riders Inflict an Aggregate Loss of Nearly $1,000,000.

The last exploit of the Kentucky tobacco night riders in seizing the city of Hopkinsville, destroying $200,000 worth of property and seriously wounding two men, has aroused an intensity of interest throughout the State and far beyond its borders. These riders are the most conspicuous feature of the war that is being waged by the tobacco growers of Kentucky against the American Tobacco Company. By reducing the competition in the buying of tobacco to practically nothing the company forced down the price of leaf tobacco until the growers say they can not realize enough to pay for raising it. The tobacco crop is a mainstay in many parts of Kentucky, and thousands depend on it for their daily bread. The growers determined to force the price up.

The plan proposed in the beginning, and which is still being followed, was to form a combination of the growers to oppose the combination of the manufacturers and by withholding the tobacco make the tobacco trust come to terms. Many associations of growers have been formed in the different tobacco raising regions of Kentucky. But some of the growers did not come into the association ranks and others grew weary of waiting and sold their crops. The more violent men in the associations have resorted to the measures that gave rise to the night riders, and by destroying the property of the tobacco company and the growers who are not allied with them have sought to carry through their plan by force and terror.

The Hopkinsville rail was the second time in twelve months that the night riders seized and terrorized a city. On December 1, 1906, they entered Princeton, Ky., a town of several thousand inhabitants, about thirty miles north of Hopkinsville, took possession of the police and fire departments, the water works, the telephone and telegraph offices and with the town shut off from the rest of the world dynamited and set fire to the Steger & Dollar and the John C. Orr tobacco factories, which were allied with the trust.

The first appearance of the night riders was in November, 1906, when they destroyed some tobacco barns and small factories in Todd County, with a loss of about $10,000. The first raid came on the night of November 11, 1906, when masked bands entered the towns of Eddyville and Kuttawa, situated close together in Lyon and Caldwell Counties, and destroyed the plants of the American Snuff Company and M. C. Rice, with $20,000 loss.

Besides these there have been many smaller raids and visits to individual growers. Tobacco barns have been burned, growers who refused to pool their tobacco have been taken from their homes and whipped, houses have been fired into and the occupants wounded. The aggregate losses by these raids amount to nearly $1,000,000.

CARE FOR EX-PRESIDENTS, IS PLEA OF GROVER CLEVELAND

Urges Duty to Make Provision for Men Who Have Filled Highest Post in Nation.

Referring to the poverty of Jefferson when he left the presidency as a blow to national pride, Grover Cleveland, writing in the Youth's Companion under to title "Our People and Their ex-Presidents," argues that definite and generous provision should be made for the maintenance of chief magistrates at the expiration of their terms. He deals with the subject at length and explains that he feels he can do so without his sincerity being questioned, since he is beyond the need of aid from the public treasury.

"The condition is by no means met," Mr. Cleveland writes, "by the meager and spasmodic relief occasionally furnished under the guise of a military pension or some other pretext, nor would it be best met by making compensation dependent upon the discharge of senatorial or other official duty. Our people ought to make definite and decorous provisions for all cases alike, based on motives of justice and fairness, and adequate to the situation."

Mr. Cleveland describes the limitations that his former high office place on a retired President in his choice of occupations and means of livelihood, and how popular conception of him as a repository of national dignity enforces a scale of living that may not be within his private means.

"There is a sort of vague, but none the less imperative, feeling abroad in the land that one who has occupied the great office of President holds in trust for his fellow citizens a certain dignity which, in his conduct and manner of life, he is bound to protect against loss or deterioration. Obedience to this obligation prescribes for him only such work as in popular judgment is not undignified. This suggests without argument a reciprocal connection between the curtailment of opportunities and a reasonable obligation of indemnification."

One division of the Cleveland article is devoted to the "Occupations of an ex-President," and in it the former President reveals the multiplicity of things which persons endeavor to bring to the attention of the retired statesman and the class of affairs he is asked to engage in.

ESTATES OF OLD SOLDIERS.

An Ohio County to Fight United States for $500,000.

Frank W. Howell, a Dayton lawyer is now entitled to the world's record as administrator of estates. He has been appointed by Judge C. W. Dale as administrator of 8,432 estates, and has been compelled to give bond in the sum of $3,200,000.

The appointment as administrator grew out of the following situation: The central branch of the National Military Homes is located at Dayton, and was established by the United States government, by a special act, March 3, 1865. The jurisdiction of this large tract of ground, more than a mile square in extent, was ceded to the United States government by the State of Ohio April 13, 1867.

Upon this land the Central Branch of the National Military Homes was built for disabled soldiers and sailors who have fought the battles for liberty and union. As far as the United States government is concerned nothing has been neglected, and the central branch is a veritable paradise.

If all the veterans who entered the central branch had lived there would have been no contention and nothing to narrate. When death comes the veteran receives a decent and honorable burial, and his belongings are collected, and if not claimed by relatives, are sold, and the money, together with all of the pension money to which he is entitled, is placed in the "posthumous fund," which is in the keeping of the treasurer of the Central Branch, National Military Homes. Sometimes the deceased veteran leaves considerable property which he has gained by investment or speculation with his pension money. Four test cases are now being fought out to determine whether these estates shall revert to the Montgomery County treasurer or the United States government. It is contended by Mr. Howell, the administrator, that the money left by the old veterans who die intestate belongs to Montgomery County and should go toward the school fund. United States District Attorney McPherson of Cincinnati is looking after the interests of the government. He claims that the money belongs to the United States. The amount involved in the cases represented by Mr. Howell, the administrator, is something over $500,000.

SKETCH OF COURT ROOM AND CHIEF FIGURES IN THE THAW TRIAL.

NEWS OF MINOR NOTE.

The Central Hotel at Colon, Panama, was burned. Loss $3,000.

Fire in the York building in Boston, caused a loss of $100,000 to several manufacturing firms and to the owner of the building.

Judge Strimple, in Cleveland appointed Owen L. Wilcox as receiver for the Cleveland and Sharon Electric Railway Company in order to defeat the alleged plot of majority stockholders to freeze out the minority.

Dr. John M. Flint, formerly of Chicago, now of the University of California, was chosen to succeed Dr. William Carmall as head of the department of surgery in the Yale Medical school at New Haven, Conn.

Sir John Roger, Governor of the English Gold Coast colony, told a Philadelphia audience the negro was the greatest problem confronting civilization and was becoming as acute in the English colonies as in the United States.

Queen Alexandra of England spent her birthday at Sandringham, where the customary celebrations were held. The King and Queen of Norway were among the visitors. Handsome gifts were received from most of the crowned heads of Europe.

According to advices received from Washington, the government officials are not satisfied with the new double eagle being coined at the Philadelphia mint, and have ordered coinage stopped temporarily to permit a change in the process. The design of the coin will not be changed.

James Douglas, vice president of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, has presented to the government four acres of land on the palisades of the Hudson, near Fort Lee, as a site for a monument to commemorate the deeds of the continental soldiers during the Revolutionary war.

A Synthetic Health Creed.

The "back-to-nature" movement, of which the most prominent leaders are Dr. J. H. Kellogg of Battle Creek, Dr. Dewey, Profs. Fisher and Chittenden of Yale and Prof. Metchnikoff of Russia, has now found a synthetizing exposition at the hands of Dr. Daniel S. Sager in a new book published by Stokes, entitled, "The Art of Living in Good Health." This new apostle of the simpler life, with the added authority of a successful "M. D.," commends much of the work of those pioneers and founds his system on a creed, the vest-pocket edition of which is: "Breathe deep; chew long; drink enough; eat little." Bathing, exercise, early sleep and cheerfulness are other articles.

American Wins Nobel Prize.

The University of Chicago hears that the head of its department of physics, Prof. Albert A. Michelson, is to receive the year's Nobel prize for the best work in his line. Prof. Michelson is now in London, where the Copley medal has been awarded to him by the London Royal Society. Dr. Michelson is the discoverer of a method of measuring the velocity of light. Though born in Germany, he has lived here since childhood and is a graduate of the Naval Academy at Annapolis. He is now 50.

An Apostle of Happiness.

Miss Laurence Alma-Tadema, daughter of the well-known artist and author of several successful novels, has come from her English home to lecture in America on "Happiness." When asked by a New York reporter to tell what she meant by happiness, Miss Alma-Tadema said it would take an hour and twenty minutes to tell that, and it had taken her five months to write down what had required years to learn. As to how it could be attained, she is quoted as saying: "By managing one's self; by working hard and developing one's self to the limit. It never comes except by being sought. It is not a matter of condition or of wealth. It does not depend on marriage." Happiness lies in the curtailment of desire. Do without things.

Our Manufacturing Output.

John M. Carson, chief of the Bureau of Manufactures at Washington, now estimates that the annual production of manufactures in the United States is $15,000,000,000, this being the total published in his annual report. Of this total, about $1,086,000,000 worth were exported, including foodstuffs partly manufactured and parts for further use in manufacture. This was over half the entire export trade of the year.

Carnegie Abolishes Age Limit.

On observing his 70th birthday anniversary recently Andrew Carnegie expressed the opinion that a man's usefulness increases with age. When asked if a man could accomplish as much at 70 as at 40, he replied: "More, bless you, more. All things being equal, a man's efficiency is increased at 70. He is equipped with greater experience." The recipe he gave for happiness was "To obey the judge within and make others happy."

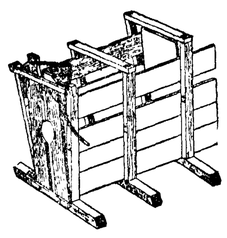
The report of the bureau of manufactures just issued sets the value of the annual production by manufacturers in the United States at $15,000,000.

Points in Butter Making.

When butter will not gather the difficulty can be traced usually to advanced lactation or too low a temperature of cream. The milk from one cow long in lactation is sufficient to spoil a whole churning. The viscosity of such milk renders separation of butter fats slow and imperfect. It often happens during the winter months that butter, or cream, rather, will break or separate into small particles, which refuse to adhere or gather, in spite of all coaxing. The only remedy is to raise the temperature of the whole mass up to the proper degree. In this work the dairy thermometer is almost indispensable, as it will save much time and worry. If the churn is a revolving one and the cream just breaks into minute particles, refusing to gather, then add warm water to that used in rinsing the butter until it reaches about 64 degrees. The butter particles will generally adhere after a few revolutions of the churn. Trouble of this kind can be avoided. Before attempting to churn the cream should be tested until 64 degrees is reached in winter, and should be smooth and velvety and have the required degree of acidity. If this degree of warmth is not imparted to cream by the temperature of the room in which it is kept, then it can be raised to the right degree by setting the cream jar or can in a larger one containing warm water.—Field and Farm.

Rack for Dehorning.

In the construction of this rack for dehorning, there are three sill pieces 4 feet long and 4 in. x 4 in. These are mortised 8 inches each side of the center for the posts. Four of these posts are 5 ft. 4 in. long, and the two others 5 ft. 8 in. long. Three cap pieces 3 in. x 4 in., and 4 ft. 2 in. long, are mortised to fit over the tops of the posts. The stanchions in front are bolted at the bottom between a 2 in. x 4 in. piece, and the sill, leaving a space up and down in front five inches wide. Two and a half feet from the bottom of the stanchion cut a place for the animal's neck. The lever, which can be made of wagon tire, is 5 feet 6 in. long. A ⅜-inch hole is punched in the top of the lever, a second hole 13½ inches from the top hole, and a third hole 11 inches from the second hole. The upper hole is for the attachment of two iron straps one on each side, which are fastened to the left hand stanchion. From the lower hole two pieces of iron 14 inches long go to the right hand stanchion.



DEHORNING RACK.

Winter Work on Farms.

One of the greatest needs on the average Southern farm nowadays is more work in winter. Ever since I could remember, it has seemed to me that life on the common Georgia farm is too much of a happy-go-lucky style. To get results in anything, one has to keep everlastingly at it, so to speak. For years I have heard staid old farmers discussing fall plowing and spring plowing, but I have seen too little of it in actual observation, writes J. C. M., in the Southern Cultivator.

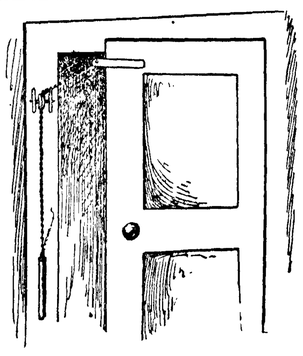
There used to be an idea, which is still prevalent, concerning results from fall and winter plowing. Some argued it was injurious to plow deep in the fall, others that it was absurd to plow in the springtime to any great depth. The truth of the matter is that good plowing at any time when the soil is in good condition is a good thing to do. Usually in the spring the subsoil is too wet to plow, and when it is turned up or broken in this condition damaging results are likely to occur.

How to Kill a Pig.

The pig should be thrown on its back, and held until stuck. One man should stand astride the body, with his feet close against its sides and take hold of the front legs. In this way the hog can be easily controlled. Another person should do the sticking. A narrow, straight-bladed knife, eight inches long, should be inserted in the hog's throat, after making an incision through the skin, just in front of the breast bone. The point of the knife should be directed toward the root of the tail and held exactly in line with the backbone. When the knife has been run into the throat six or eight inches, the depth depending on the size of the hog, it should be given a quick turn to one side and withdrawn. The arteries that are to be cut run close together, just inside of the breast bone, and will both be cut when the knife is turned, provided it is sharp on both sides of the point. A pig killed in this way will die in a very few minutes, and will bleed out thoroughly.

Self-Closing Doors.

The inner doors of the barn should me so arranged that they will close of themselves; this is particularly necessary if they open into the granary or other room, where the animals ought not to enter. A simple contrivance is to fasten a weight to the door, so that it will close readily of itself. Hardware stores sell spring hinges which answer the desired purpose for heavy doors, but the weight and pulley is to be preferred for lighter doors. A simple arrangement is to have the blacksmith make holes at intervals in a flat strip of iron, so that it may be screwed to the door near the top. Hook a chain in the hole in the end of this strip, run it through a pulley (obtainable at a hardware store for a few cents) fastened to the frame of the door or the jamb, as it is popularly known, and on the other end fasten a piece of iron of the desired weight. Usually window weights are used for this purpose, but they should not be so heavy, for a light door, that they will cause the door to close too quickly. The illustration shows the idea plainly.



SELF-CLOSING DOOR.

Setting Trees in Winter.

Fruit and shade trees may be set any time during the winter if the soil is in proper condition for the work, says a report by the Oklahoma Station. The condition of the soil at the time trees are set has more to do with the success or failure of the trees than does the season of setting. If the land is in good condition in the fall, and the trees can be obtained, it is better to set them then than to wait and run the risk of not having the soil in good condition later on. The land should be in a thorough state of cultivation and should be moist enough to work well when the trees are set. If they are in good condition there is no need of watering them.

Trees set in the fall may be a little difficult to protect from rabbits, but they are usually in better condition to start growth in the spring than those that have been heeled in all winter. There are not so many poor trees sold in the fall as in the spring, and for this reason fall setting usually gives better results than spring setting.

Weight of Lime Per Bushel.

In connection with a very thorough study of the quality of various kinds of lime used for agricultural purposes in New Jersey, L. A. Vorhees, of the New Jersey Station, made careful estimates of the weight per bushel of the different materials.

His results show "that the weight of stone lime per bushel (heaped measure), is quite variable and without any constant relation to the analysis of the samples. The average weight per bushel of the twelve magnesian limes was ninety-seven pounds, and that of the six 'marble' limes was 101 pounds." The weight per bushel of seven oystershell limes examined varied from thirty-nine to seventy-five pounds, averaging fifty-one and a half pounds. The prepared or so-called "agricultural" limes examined were still more variable in weight.

Feed for Breeding Animals.

It is important that breeding animals have laxative feeds when they are put upon dry feeds after being taken from the pasture. Such articles as oil meal, flaxseed meal, etc., should enter largely into the ration. When animals are changed from pasture to dry feeding there is a tendency to constipation, and steps must be taken to have the bowels move freely, or there is danger of serious trouble. In case the above articles do not have the desired effect, Epsom salts or raw linseed oil must be used.

Lesson in Reclaiming Waste Lands.

On King Island, formerly a barren sand heap, rising above the sea between Tasmania and Australia, accident has given a suggestive lesson in the use of certain grasses for reclaiming arid wastes. A few years ago a shipwreck cast on shore some mattresses stuffed with yellow flowered clover. A few seeds took root, causing a large area to become covered with rich verdure. The power of clover and other leguminous plants to fertilize poor soil through their nitrogen-absorbing bacteria is well known.

Reasons for Pruning.

The chief reasons for pruning trees are to modify the vigor of the tree; to produce larger and better fruit; to keep the tree within manageable shape and limits; to change the habit of the tree from fruit to wood productions, or vice versa; to remove surplus or injured parts; to facilitate harvesting and spraying; to facilitate tillage, and to train to some desired form.

THE ANTI-SALOON FIGHT.

A Hot Contest On for Control in the National Capital.

Washington correspondence:

Vested rights, as represented by the breweries, distilleries and liquor dealers, have begun to petition Congress in anticipation of a strong move in favor of prohibitory legislation at the hands of the national lawmakers. Primarily the petitions are aimed against a "dry" capital city, which is the object fixed upon by temperance associations which have been encouraged by the prohibition wave that recently swept various sections of the country.

For some time a well organized lobby has been doing quiet preliminary work in the interest of the anti-prohibition interests, which have been made more anxious over the possibilities of legislation in the near future than surface indications would lead one to believe. The belief is entertained that the prohibition elements are bent on driving liquor out of the country's capital for the moral effect such an accomplishment would have in still further nationalizing the general prohibition movement.

The question before students of the situation who are able to look at both sides without having their view warped by prejudice is this: Has the prohibition tide reached its flood, and will a reaction presently set in; or will the wave sweep on without serious interruption until it has converted the entire country into a land of no license?

With this question in mind the workers on one side will put forth efforts to make the capital of the United States a temperance capital, while those on the other hope that by downing the movement here the way will be paved for reaction from the results recently brought about in several of the States, especially those of the south.

The chances seem to be against any drastic legislation on the subject by Congress this winter. Possibly more attention might be given to the subject if the Republicans and Democrats didn't have so much to think about in the nature of politics pertaining to Presidential candidates next year. And if action is staved off the "antis" figure on a reversal of sentiment that will not require them to worry so much in the future.

But there is another side to the anti-prohibition propaganda now in progress here which deals with the subject wholly apart from the local issue involved. The attempt is being made to impress upon Congress the magnitude of the whole prohibition question with the argument that if prohibition prohibited the government system of taxation would have to be revised, inasmuch as two-thirds of the government's income is now derived from internal revenue taxes.

Portland Typographical Union contemplates the organization of a mutual aid society.

The entire membership of Minneapolis Cigarmakers' Union No. 77, is said to be employed.

Last year the membership of the British Amalgamated Society of Engineers increased 11,782.

Twenty-one new unions of horseshoers have been organized in Massachusetts during the last year.

A new union of mattress makers, carpet layers, shade hangers and draperymen has been organized in Boston, Mass.

Seattle Central Labor Union is warning union workingmen to give the coast territory a wide berth for the present.

There is no such thing as organized labor in Porto Rico to amount to an influence for the betterment of the masses.

Common laborers in France are paid 40 to 50 cents a day. High-grade mechanics are paid from $1 to $1.20 a day.

All the stockholders of the Union Lumber Company, recently organized at Memphis, Tenn., are members of the Carpenters' Union.

Granite cutters of the Twin Cities have formed a union embracing practically every member of the craft in Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn.

There are only three engravers of shorthand in England. One lives at Bath. He has suggested to his two London fellow-workers the propriety of a trade union.

Efforts are being made in Brooklyn, N. Y., to bring about a consolidation of the Shoe Workers' Council and the members of the Boot and Shoe Workers of America.

Census reports show that wages among shoemakers of the country have been steadily increasing. Brockton (Mass.) shoemakers are the highest paid in the world, it is alleged.

There are two unions of brick and building material handlers in Brooklyn, N. Y., and they have been at war with each other. Efforts to bring about consolidation will be made.

The United States Bureau of Immigration is preparing to enforce the alien contract law more rigorously than before, with a view of keeping out of the country many undesirable persons.

The societies not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor have a membership of about 500,000, making the membership of all the labor societies of the United States, in the aggregate, about 2,500,000.

The Georgia Federation of Labor caused considerable surprise recently when it went on record, at a meeting of the executive committee, deprecating the reduction in railroad rates and fares through legislation, and opposing further legislation of this kind. It is contended that labor conditions in the South have been disturbed by legislation which caused the shortening of hours, and thereby a reduction in the wages, as well as causing a number of workmen to be laid off.

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Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is to remind you of its great merit as a blood purifier, appetite giver, and as a nerve, stomach and digestive tonic. Nothing else like it, no other has so good a record, no other will do you so much good. It cures.

Scrofula 16 Years—"Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of scrofula, with which I have been troubled for 16 years. My little daughter had a scrofula swelling on her neck, and Hood's Sarsaparilla also cured her." MRS. G. MORRIS, Annandale, Minnesota.

Dyspepsia — "I was troubled for months with dyspepsia and could not eat anything without distress. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and was soon improving. I took it steadily until I was cured." LYDIA MCWHEELER, Athol, Mass.

Rheumatism—"I was severely afflicted with rheumatism, my knees badly swollen. Hood's Sarsaparilla helped me after other medicines failed and it has lengthened my life." JESSIE KILLMER, Middle Grove, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold everywhere. In the usual liquid, or in tablet form called **Sarsatabs**. 100 Doses One Dollar. Prepared only by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

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If not obtainable of your druggist send 50c for one box of tablets, or $2.75 for six boxes. YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF YOU RECEIVE NO BENEFITS, is our guarantee. Send for free descriptive circular.

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S N U No. 6— 1908

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Baked Liver.

Put two pounds of calf's liver in a pan and sprinkle with pepper and salt. Cut up two carrots and three medium-sized tomatoes and put with the liver, add a little spice, then make a dressing of stale bread crumbs seasoned with sage, put this in the pan with the liver, add a pint of water, cover the pan closely and bake for one and one-half hours without taking off the lid.

A young man of the name of Livermore is reported to have made $3,500,000 on stocks and cotton during the past few months. But he is still speculating.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

A New York woman suing for divorce charged that her husband was "an inveterate poker player and always a loser." No wonder she wants to lose him.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Still, if a girl wants a man to propose she can usually lead him up to it without waiting for leap year.

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PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

The California Fruit Canners' Association has ordered 300,000,000 tin cans. They must be going to cut down their forces a bit.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

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Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

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Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, sweating feet. Makes new shoes easy. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Pedestrian Weston's record will stand for a long time, for the reason that the men who sit around the country stores and say they can beat it will never even try.

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50% cheaper than paint, 100% handsomer. The coloring has a soft, velvety effect, treating the wood as a dye does cloth, bringing out its beauty. Creosote is the best preservative known; it sinks into the wood, making the shingles tough and leathery and impervious to decay. Insist on getting Samuel Cabot's Creosote.

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CONGRESSMAN THOS. CALE

Hon. Thos. Cale, who was elected to congress from Alaska, is well known on the Pacific slope, where he has resided. His Washington address is 1312 9th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

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Peruna Drug Co., Columbus, Ohio.
Gentlemen: I can cheerfully recommend Peruna as a very efficient remedy for Coughs and Colds. Thomas Cale

Hon. C. Slemp, congressman from Virginia, writes: "I have used your valuable remedy, Peruna, with beneficial results, and can unhesitatingly recommend your remedy as an invigorating tonic and an effective and permanent cure for catarrh."

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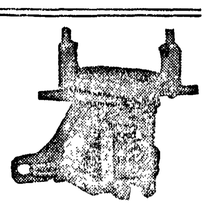

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JOHN S. BEALL, Manufacturer
321 Hawthorne Avenue Portland, Oregon

Ambassadors of the United States to Great Britain are by tacit arrangement professional optimists. They are expected to put the country's best foot forward whenever they have a chance. Whitelaw Reid, the optimistic successor of famous optimists, is doing his share. On a recent occasion he took our national population for a subject of an address—after he had proved conclusively that the financial panic was not so much of a panic after all—and pictured a time when the country would be stuffed full of people as the Thanksgiving bird was full of dressing. Before the end of the next presidential term, Mr. Reid predicts, we shall have forty-six States and 100,000,000 people. The forty-six States are with us now, and the 100,000,000 people are certainly coming. But it is the getting of them by 1913 that is the test and proof of optimism. Since 1870 our population has been increasing at the rate of 12,000,000 to 14,000,000 persons per decade. The increase was about 12,000,000 between 1870 and 1880, and the same between 1880 and 1890. Between 1890 and 1900 it was about 14,000,000, and the government estimates for the increase between 1900 and 1907 would work out at the rate of just about that big an increase for the decade we are now in. We had a population of 76,300,000 in 1900; we have an estimated population of 85,000,000 this year, and we may expect about 90,000,000 by 1910. But to pull that figure up to 100,000,000 by March 4, 1913, will keep the optimists busy. Especially will they have to do hard figuring at a moment when recent immigrants are scurrying to become emigrants. Perhaps Mr. Reid is figuring that the present President's exhortations on the general subject of race suicide will bear their fruit during the term of his successor and send the population skyward by leaps and bounds.

WOULD YOU RATHER BE POOR?

Illustration of the Fact That Even Prosperity Has Its Drawbacks.

Such a case as that of Simon E. Bernheimer, of New York, who, having millions to his credit, makes a choice of all the things in the world and decides that he best enjoys beating a bass drum, is an example of modern nervous prosperity, says the Reader Magazine. When in 1886 the Amicitia orchestra was created, composed of cultivated music lovers and clever amateur performers, Bernheimer asked permission to beat the bass drum. His friends were under the impression that he was joking, but he produced his drum—the best that money could buy—and demonstrated his skill to their satisfaction. Later, the interesting musical organization dissolved, and the drummer was indeed bereft. Then his friends suggested that, since he had no other fad, he should organize a band of his own and beat the drum in that. He acted on this advice. His band costs him $20,000 annually, but this is none too large a sum for the attainment of his heart's desire. Inconspicuous and content, he sits under the baton of his paid leader, and thrums his drums.

Then there is the case of a certain young gentleman in New York who gave a dinner and who appealed to his guests with the inquiry:

"And what in God's name am I to do to-morrow night?"

"Go out," suggested some one.

"I have been everywhere."

"Stay in."

"There's no one I want to see."

"Try solitude."

"That has become insupportable."

"Start on a journey."

"Where could I go? I have been everywhere."

"Go again."

"But I have been many times. I detest traveling."

"Get married."

"I know too much about women."

"Get drunk."

"I have been drunk so often—and on so many things! It extinguishes me to think of it."

"Be good."

"But how?"

Nobody could answer, though they were all willing enough to be witty about it. When the next night came he had blown out his brains. He had to find some new way of spending the evening.

All this is part and parcel of the same thing—all symptoms of the disease of nervous prosperity. But not all of us, fortunately, are to be afflicted with it. It is not contagious. Need—the good, wholesome press of necessity—keeps the greater part of us immune.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

have been wiped out by the farmers, still leaving more than $6,000,000,000 to our credit abroad. To put it in a nutshell, the agricultural exports of the United States have kept our credit above par in all the trading nations. The American farmer is the producer, the creator of wealth, and all channels of finance and commerce respond to his prosperity. The overpopulated countries of Europe are gradually becoming industrial hives. As the manufacturing centers multiply, agriculture dwindles. The toilers of the cities and factory towns must be fed. They must buy their grain and meat, for the most part, abroad. A blight in foreign crops would be felt more quickly among European consumers than in the producing countries. Europe's industrial prosperity hinges on its ability to buy foreign foodstuffs at moderate prices. So long as American farmers can raise such vast surpluses, and can compete on even terms with other agricultural countries as to quality and prices, their control of the European market is assured. And so long as agriculture keeps us in the list of creditor nations, this country's fiscal stability is as impregnable as Gibraltar.

GOLDEN WEST
COFFEE
TEA SPICES
BAKING POWDER
EXTRACTS
JUST RIGHT
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE
CLOSSET & DEVERS
PORTLAND, ORE.

Truth and Quality

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

Short Suggestions.

Never stir a cake after final beating. Beating motion should always be last used.

It is said that if a little borax is put in the water it will remove fruit stains from the hands.

A crust of bread put into the water in which greens are boiled will absorb all objectionable rankness of flavor.

The rollers of a clothes wringer may be easily and effectively cleaned by rubbing them with a cloth which has been dipped in coal oil.

In order to be sure that the cocoanut for pies and candy is perfectly fresh it is well to buy the whole fruit and shred it in the meat chopper.

It is said that if an onion is cut into small pieces and placed about a room it will absorb many disagreeable odors, including fresh paint and turpentine.

A few economical housewives have tried grinding their tea leaves like coffee, and they declare that the result is excellent, only about half the usual quantity being used. Of course, the tea strainer must be as fine as can be bought.

To whiten your doorstep put half a pound of glue size in a saucepan, add a pint and a half of water, and slowly dissolve on the stove. When quite melted add one pound of powdered whiting, stirring it in gradually. Apply with a stiff brush, and if too hard add more water.

Why Refer to Doctors

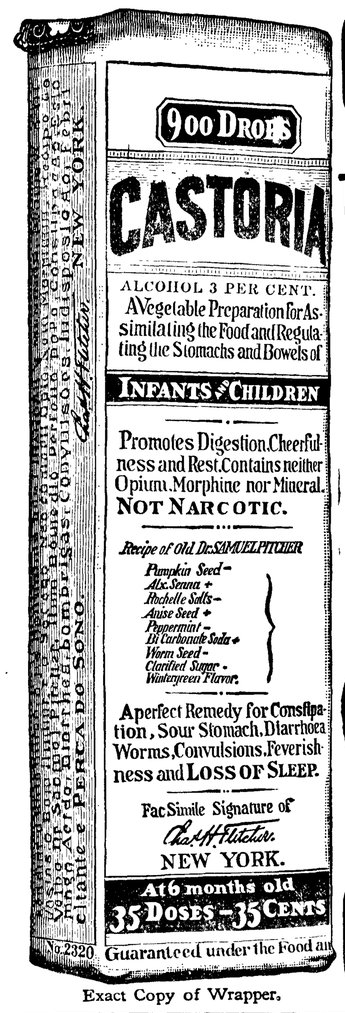
Because we make medicines for them. We give them the formula for Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and they prescribe it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption. They trust it. Then you can afford to trust it. Sold for over 60 years.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a remedy that should be in every home. I have used a great deal of it for hard coughs and colds, and I know what a splendid medicine it is. I cannot recommend it too highly."—MARK E. COHEN, Hyde Park, Mass.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

Ayer's Pills greatly aid the Cherry Pectoral in breaking up a cold.

Tickets to and from Europe
ALL LINES
For lowest rates and information write or call for Folder E.
The Chilberg Agency
New York Block, 709 2d Av., Seattle



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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

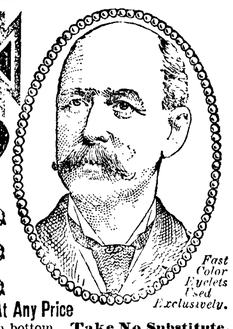
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50

SHOES AT ALL PRICES, FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other shoes in the world to-day.



Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.

W. L. Douglas $4 and $5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price

CAUTION. W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free to any address. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

The H. F. NORTON CO. HIDES, LEATHER and SHOE FINDINGS . .

Prompt Cash Returns for Consignments of Hides, Pelts, Wool and Furs at Full Market Value. Write for price list and shipping tags to Department B.

206 Third Avenue South . . . SEATTLE, WASH.

CATARRH BLOOD DISEASED AND SYSTEM DISORDERED

Catarrh is not merely an inflammation of the tissues of the head and throat, as the symptoms of ringing noises in the ears, mucous dropping back into the throat, continual hawking and spitting, etc., would seem to indicate; it is a blood disease in which the entire circulation and the greater part of the system are involved. Catarrh is due to the presence of an excess of uric acid in the blood. The Liver, Kidneys and Bowels frequently become torpid and dull in their action and instead of carrying off the refuse and waste of the body, leave it to sour and form uric acid in the system. This is taken up by the blood and through its circulation distributed to all parts of the system. These impurities in the blood irritate and inflame the different membranes and tissues of the body, and the contracting of a cold will start the secretions and other disgusting and disagreeable symptoms of Catarrh. As the blood goes to all parts of the body the catarrhal poison affects all parts of the system. The head has a tight, full feeling, nose continually stopped up, pains above the eyes, slight fever comes and goes, the stomach is upset and the entire system disordered and affected by this disease. It is a waste of time to try to cure Catarrh with sprays, washes, inhalations, etc. Such treatment does not reach the blood, and can, therefore, do nothing more than temporarily relieve the discomfort of the trouble. To cure Catarrh permanently the blood must be thoroughly purified and the system cleansed of all poisons, and at the same time strengthened and built up. Nothing equals S. S. S. for this purpose. It attacks the disease at its head, goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and makes a complete and lasting cure. S. S. S. removes every particle of the catarrhal poison from the blood, making this vital stream pure, fresh and healthy. Then the inflamed membranes begin to heal, the head is loosened and cleared, the hawking and spitting cease, every symptom disappears, the constitution is built up and vigorous health restored. S. S. S. also tones up the stomach and digestion and acts as a fine tonic to the entire system. If you are suffering with Catarrh begin the use of S. S. S. and write us a statement of your case and our physicians will send you literature about Catarrh, and give you special medical advice without charge. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores.

I had Catarrh for about fifteen years, and no man could have been worse. I tried everything I could hear of, but no good resulted. I then began S. S. S., and could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and after taking it a short while was cured. This was six years ago, and I am as well today as any man. I think Catarrh is a blood disease, and know there is nothing on earth better for the blood than S. S. S. Nobody thinks more of S. S. S. than I do. M. MATSON, Lapeer, Mich.

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Malthoid Roofing

Malthoid is the real, original article—made by the original makers of ready roofings. 23 years of practical roofing experience goes into every roll.

Malthoid always makes good.

The Paraffine Paint Co. NEW YORK SAN FRANCISCO

Seattle Office 408 Occidental Ave. W. L. Rhoades

DOOMED! DOOMED!

We Must Raise the Money

Owing to the fact that we are unable to countermand large shipments of goods bought for the Spring Trade, we are compelled to close them out with the rest of the doomed goods

and realize out of them whatever they will bring. Here is one of the many telegrams we have received this week:

TEN MORE SELLING DAYS

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

RECEIVED AT

Tacoma, Wash., Feby 5th.

TIMES CLOTHING MART,
Port Angeles, Wash.
Countermand will not be accepted, goods are now in transit and you will be compelled to take them.
Morris Miller Co.

LOOK FOR RED SIGN IN FRONT

Don't fail to take advantage of this last rare opportunity & save yourself money

Goods will be thrown on sale commencing Monday

THE TIMES CLOTHING MART STORE

Bank of Clallam County

Established April, 1895

Transacts a General Banking Business

H. E. Lutz, President.
S. J. Lutz, Cashier.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

L. D. KEAN,
Manager.

"The MART"

Real Estate and Investments.

Correspondence Solicted.

Port Angeles, Washington.

H. Fathers

Real Estate

Choice Residence and Business Property.

Acreage, Farm and Timber Lands for Sale.

List Your Property

No. 8 Front St.,
Port Angeles, Wn.

BLUE MOUNTAIN

The ten above zero weather made the house plants look sick.

The snow put a stop to the work on the land.

To break the monotony of life we hied us over to Mrs. Campbell's Saturday evening, where time passed very happily and the hour of departure came all too soon.

Our school is bubbling along with Miss Edith More at the wheel.

Little by little our road extends. You can now drive as far as the Campbell ranch—the last house this side of McDonald creek.

A crew of men are slashing the road on the line from the Willie Jackson hill to the Sutter hill, a much needed improvement, as the old road is about impassible in some places.

Francis Stevenson and Jas. Elvers went to Angeles, expecting to go to work at the Filion mill.

Exa news accumulates so slowly that I cannot write much oftener. Better make that promised visit on St. Valentine's Day.

Willis Shaw of Lost Mountain is in the city.

Majestic range for sale cheap at Baker's.

O. B. Hart, formerly operator at Seguin, is in the city.

T. Al. Miller of Port Crescent was a business visitor here Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Trumbull go to Port Townsend Saturday morning for a two day's visit.

Ed. Shields came down from Seattle today for a short stay. He reports things very quiet in Seattle.

If you are wanting wire fencing see H. Gutenberg & Co. They will give you estimates, and quote you low prices.

Rev. John Brann, formerly rector of the Episcopal church of this city, died at Los Angeles Tuesday of Bright's Disease. Brann resigned his pastorate of Trinity Church, Everett, two years ago to go to California for his health. His family, wife and four children who survive him, reside in Everett. Rev. Brann was 51 years of age.

Notice !

You are hereby notified to call at the Merchants Hotel and settle your water rent.

E. E. Day,
Manager.

E. B. Griffin takes the early boat Saturday morning for a business trip to Seattle.

County Engineer Alf. Ware and Asst., Frank Sullivan, left for Crescent today to look over a road between that point and Lake Crescent.

It is said that Lippincott's is one of the fortunate few magazines to thrive in spite of "depression times." People seem to realize that such a bargain—twelve first-quality novels a year—is not a luxury, but a necessity. Hence they feel justified in holding on to this safe investment with its big-paying dividends. Lippincott's is sometimes referred to as "a sure thing," and in America this expression covers a good deal—all of which must be highly gratifying to its publishers.

Spring wagon for sale cheap at Baker's:

Of Interest To Women.

To such women as are not seriously out of health, but who have exacting duties to perform, either in the way of household cares or in social duties and functions which seriously tax their strength, as well as to nursing mothers, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has proved a most valuable supporting tonic and invigorating nervine. By its timely use, much serious sickness and suffering may be avoided. The operating table and the surgeons' knife, would, it is believed, seldom have to be employed if this most valuable woman's remedy were resorted to in good time. The "Favorite Prescription" has proven a great boon to expectant mothers by preparing the system for the coming of baby, thereby rendering childbirth safe, easy, and almost painless.

Bear in mind, please that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is not a secret or patent medicine, against which the most intelligent people are quite naturally averse, because of the uncertainty as to their composition and harmless character, but is a MEDICINE OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, a full list of all its ingredients being printed, in plain English, on every bottle-wrapper. An examination of this list of ingredients will disclose the fact that it is non-alcoholic in its composition, chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine taking the place of the commonly used alcohol, in its make-up. In this connection it may not be out of place to state that the "Favorite Prescription" of Dr. Pierce is the only medicine put up for the cure of woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments, and sold through druggists, all the ingredients of which have the unanimous endorsement of all the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice, and that too as remedies for the ailments for which "Favorite Prescription" is recommended.

A little book of these endorsements will be sent to any address, post-paid, and absolutely *free* if you request same by postal card, or letter, of Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take as candy.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

D. A. Christopher, plaintiff,
vs
J. J. and Mary E. Paul,
and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to
J. J. and Mary E. Paul, who

are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

D. A. Christopher,

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 2440 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered one, 1, two, 2, three, 3, four, 4, five, 5, six, 6, seven, 7, 8, nine, 9, ten, 10, and eleven, 11, in Block numbered two, 2, in Mallett's Second Addition to Port Angeles, Washington.

That said certificate was issued on the 17th day of September, 1907, for the sum of $17.59 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905 and 1906, which several sums bear interestat the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication to-wit, within sixty days after the 17th day of Jan. 1908, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interests; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

D. A. Christopher, Plaintiff.
J. E. Cochran, Atty. for Plaintiff.

Post Office address Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.
Date of first publication Jan. 17,1908.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.
In the matter of the Estate of Charles Towns, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Thomas T. Aldwell, the Administrator with the Will annexed of the estate of Charles Towns, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased or said estate, to present and exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year from and after the date of the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator at his office, Room 10, Aldwell Building, in Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate in Clallam County, Washington.

THOMAS T. ALDWELL,
Administrator with the Will annexed.
Trumbull & Trumbull,
Attorneys for Administrator
Date of first publication, Jan 3, 1907

P. J. WILLIAMS

The Old Reliable

JEWELER

WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

J. P. HAWKES

...Real Estate

City Property a Specialty

Post box 176,
Port Angeles Wash

CASH MEAT MARKET

Fred Pollow, Proprietor.

Orders for anything in the line of fresh and salt meats and vegetables promptly filled with the best to be had.

Phone 17. Market next to Gray & Henderson's.

ANGELES STEAM LAUNDRY

Incorporated.

People desiring to do their own Ironing can have Clothes Washed at 6c per lb.

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.